

RAIN TABLES for FRIDAY

Dress Skirts	65c
Bath Towels	50c
Razor Straps	10c
Four-hand Tie	7c
Reported Hosiery	25c
MORE THAN A SCORE OF OTHERS.	

Sale met with last year, but with this

live this year, and our buyer has success the very best and newest in silks.

Colored Chiffon TAFFETAS \$9c

This is the best standard \$1.25 taffeta made. It is 36 in. wide and guaranteed good. Soft chiffon finish, and a big range of colors. For one-piece dresses it has no superior.

RE Silk Pongee Friday \$1

natural color, and in the width to cut to the

Quality that sells elsewhere for \$1.25 yd.

Bilk Silk CREPE de CHINE \$1.19

Five pieces 42 in. wide; a regular \$1.50 value. This is very special. Fine!

E.S.

the coming season? You'll have to have a good deal unless you are careful where you are saving. The HAMBURGER guarantee

Women's Kid GLOVES AT 59c

A clean-up sale of women's 2-clasp kid gloves, in all the staple colors—no blacks. Cable sewed. Some bargains here.

Gray and Mode 59c

Imagine the saving on them.

FINE KID GLOVES FOR \$1.29

These are of real kind—two-clasp and cable sewn. All colors. Another lot of one-clasp Kid glove, in black, white and colors is included at this price. All select skins.

\$1.50 UNDERMUSLINS AT \$1

The "Maderite" undermuslins are well known. This assortment includes 2 and 3 piece combination suits, gowns, high or V neck; and several other styles; drawers, corset covers, etc. Dainty lace and embroidery trimmings.

Swiss & Cambric Embroidery, Yard 10c

All these are matched sets—just the embroideries you need for practical wear. Some have two and three width edges, and the baby sets are beautiful. Embroidery like this never comes; amica, and it is economy to supply your future needs now. See these.

Visit Our New Underpriced

Millinery Department

It's located right in the rear of the Boys' Clothing Section, Second Floor, and is brimful of millinery at prices far below what you have ever seen the same quality marked anywhere.

The department has only been open a very few days, and its success is already assured. The merchandise you'll find here is especially provided, in so far as it has been bought with special view to its price-worthiness, but it is not merchandise especially manufactured—as a great deal is—for such sale purposes.

Smart SUIT HATS—Your CHOICE AT \$6.50

This is a generous assortment on sale in the regular Millinery Department, Second Floor. New and smart turban and toque shapes, made of best quality silk or hair braid. Black and colors, the kind that are just right for the Spring season, now starting in.

NEWCOMB'S Corset Shop

531 So. Broadway

Prices

all

new

and

old

and

FORTY-EIGHT BODIES TAKEN FROM THEIR SNOWY TOMBS.

Little Progress Is Made in Taking Out the Corpses of Avalanche Victims—New Difficulties Are Encountered. Many Mail Sacks Are Missing—Corporal Robber Arrested—Loss to Railroad Estimated at Huge Sum.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WELLINGTON (Wash.) March 4.—Forty-eight bodies have been recovered from the wreckage brought down by Tuesday's avalanche, and of this number forty-one have been identified. Three bodies were exposed by workmen late this afternoon, but were not taken out. They will be removed tomorrow.

WELLINGTON (Wash.) March 4.—The men digging for bodies in the avalanche tomb made little progress, and late this afternoon only forty dead had been brought out, leaving forty-five passengers and railroad men and an unknown number of laborers in the snow. Workmen are working in the daytime only. The Great Northern today sent fifteen Alaskan sledges on which the bodies will be taken to a train at Skykomish to be carried to Everett and Seattle. All the railroad men's homes were at Everett.

Donald Cameron Gilmore, fireman, aged 32, whose body has been recovered, formerly was a West Point cadet and his mother is a prominent resident of Santa Barbara, Calif.

Edwin L. Larson of Everett, Wash., whose body and that of his wife have been found, formerly was one of the leading attorneys of Seattle and has relatives and business connections in the city.

All the wounded in the temporary hospital here are recovering. They probably will be taken to the big hotel at Scenic Hot Springs tomorrow.

Of 700 sacks of mail carried away by the avalanche, 150 have been recovered. There is no trace of one small car and seven clerks and weighers. Some cars are known to be under seventy feet of trees, snow, earth and rocks.

CORPORAL ROBBER

The working force in the avalanche ruins now consists of 150 men, Americans. Three of the Greek and Slavonian laborers stole clothing from the ruins, but they did not actually rob the dead bodies. The misconduct of these men aroused such indignation that the railroad sent all the seventy-five foreign laborers away.

The corporal who was caught in the act of looting, a watch from the body of Sol Cohen of Everett, gave his name as Robert Roberts last night. He is now under arrest.

Superintendent O'Neill's private car, containing the bodies of Trainmaster A. R. Blackshear and Secretary E. L. Larson, was found today. The eighty-eighth body, that of Lewis Walker, cook on Superintendent O'Neill's private car, has been brought out.

Another avalanche has occurred west of Scenic, causing the opening of the track. General Manager George of the Great Northern is on his way to the scene of the avalanche.

RESCUE DIFFICULTIES.

The Great Northern is using all the resources at its command to open the track. Every man and every plow that can find a place to work are busy night and day. Superintendent O'Neill estimates the loss to the road by the amount of property it took out.

The four electric motors now lying muddled under the snow were valued at \$250,000.

Cold rain and increasing snow of snowdrifts added to the gloom of Wellington today. Two bodies were sent down the trail, and the others, wrapped in blankets, are in a railroad building. Among the arrivals today were a number of friends and relatives of victims, a few of whom were women.

The recovery of the bodies will be difficult until the locomotives arrive to pull away the giant trees

DIET DEADLOCK COSTLY.

Race Feeling Defeats New Austrian Taxation and Drastic Economics Are Necessary.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

WILL SAFEGUARD RIGHTS.

REBELS RELUCTANTLY AGREE TO LISTEN TO INTERVENTION.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

BLUEFIELDS, March 4.—After three days of secret conference, Gen. Estrada, the leader of the revolutionaries, and his advisers reluctantly have acquiesced in the demand of American residents in Nicaragua that a receptive ear be turned to any proposal of American intervention that will guarantee to them the rights demanded, the denial of which caused the revolution.

The Great Northern is using all the resources at its command to open the track. Every man and every plow that can find a place to work are busy night and day. Superintendent O'Neill estimates the loss to the road by the amount of property it took out.

The four electric motors now lying muddled under the snow were valued at \$250,000.

Cold rain and increasing snow of snowdrifts added to the gloom of Wellington today. Two bodies were sent down the trail, and the others, wrapped in blankets, are in a railroad building. Among the arrivals today were a number of friends and relatives of victims, a few of whom were women.

The recovery of the bodies will be difficult until the locomotives arrive to pull away the giant trees

HOPE IS EXPRESSED FOR INTERVENTION.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, March 4.—Leading citizens and partisans of Gen. Estrada in Bluefields, Nicaragua, seem to recognize that the revolutionary party is doomed to defeat. This was shown in a telegram received at the State Department late today from Consul Moffat of Bluefields, who stated, in effect, that the cause of the revolutionaries was finally recognized as a mere pretense.

It is safe to say that Gen. Chamorro's defeat has not altered the view of the people on the east coast of Nicaragua as to the guarantees that are necessary to protect the constitutional and common rights of citizens.

While Generals Estrada, Diaz and Rivera and the other confederates are silent concerning the matter, their frequent calls upon Thomas P. Moffat, the American Consul, are considered to be the best evidence.

It is safe to say that Gen. Chamorro's defeat has not altered the view of the people on the east coast of Nicaragua as to the guarantees that are necessary to protect the constitutional and common rights of citizens.

Nothing except intervention can stop the war. Gen. Mena has spread the forces between San Vicente and La Manza, in order even to prevent the government troops may attempt to blues fields. He is also securing recruits and ammunition.

REBELS IN FULL FLIGHT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN JUAN DEL SUR, March 4.—The flight of the remnants of the revolutionary army, led by Gens. Mena and Chamorro, continues rapidly eastward.

Gen. Vasquez, commander-in-chief of the government forces, reports that many more insurgents, officers and enlisted men have surrendered and that the trail followed by the revolutionaries is worn out. The camp equipment, rifles and cartridges.

Gen. Matay, Zoledon and Chameria, with scarcely 300 men, arrived last night at Las Lejas.

UNCLE SAM MAY BE ASKED TO INTERFERE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] NEW ORLEANS, March 4.—In the

HORSE STEALS COSTLY GEM.

Animal Neatly Nips Diamond from His Owner's Shirt
Boom.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

JOPLIN (Mo.) March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] "King," a valuable driving horse owned by Capt. E. O. Bartlett, this afternoon nipped a diamond, valued at \$750, from his master's shirt boom.

Bartlett had gone to the animal's head to loosen the hitch strap, when the horse's attention must have been attracted by the brilliancy of the stone.

Resting his head over Bartlett's arm, the horse nipped the stone from its mounting as cleanly as it could have been done by a "crook." The stone has not been recovered.

man and Czech members of the Bohemian Diet have brought the finances of that kingdom to the point of bankruptcy, necessitating drastic economies.

The executive commission of the Diet has ordered the release of 260 patients in the state lunatic asylum.

This has been done in consideration of the so-called harmless lunatics require care and skilled treatment, which is impossible to secure for them outside the asylum.

Other expenses include the severe cost of appropriations for all kinds of educational institutions, hospitals, asylums, roads and police.

The 1910 budget requires \$12,000,000, though only \$14,000,000 is available. The remainder might be raised by taxation except for the deadlock in the Diet.

REPORT DISCREDITED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SEATTLE (Wash.) March 4.—A report circulated in Seattle that ten living persons have been found in the avalanche ruins at Wellington is discredited. The Great Northern office has no such information. Wellington has not been heard from this morning.

The body of H. H. Bethel of Seattle, the first avalanche victim to be brought down from Wellington, arrived here tonight. He was formerly a prominent civil engineer of New York, and the body will be taken there for burial.

Other bodies will be buried in the

seventy feet of trees, snow, earth and rocks.

CORPORAL ROBBER

The working force in the avalanche ruins now consists of 150 men, Americans. Three of the Greek and Slavonian laborers stole clothing from the

ruins, but they did not actually rob the dead bodies. The misconduct of these men aroused such indignation that the railroad sent all the seventy-five foreign laborers away.

The corporal who was caught in the act of looting, a watch from the body of Sol Cohen of Everett, gave his name as Robert Roberts last night. He is now under arrest.

Superintendent O'Neill's private car, containing the bodies of Trainmaster A. R. Blackshear and Secretary E. L. Larson, was found today. The eighty-eighth body, that of Lewis Walker, cook on Superintendent O'Neill's private car, has been brought out.

Another avalanche has occurred west of Scenic, causing the opening of the track. General Manager George of the Great Northern is on his way to the scene of the avalanche.

RESCUE DIFFICULTIES.

The Great Northern is using all the

resources at its command to open the

track. Every man and every plow that

can find a place to work are busy

night and day. Superintendent O'Neill

estimates the loss to the road by the

amount of property it took out.

The four electric motors now lying

muddled under the snow were valued

at \$250,000.

Cold rain and increasing snow of

snowdrifts added to the gloom of Welli-

ngton today. Two bodies were sent

down the trail, and the others, wrapped

in blankets, are in a railroad build-

ing. Among the arrivals today were

a number of friends and relatives of

victims, a few of whom were women.

The recovery of the bodies will be

difficult until the locomotives arrive

to pull away the giant trees

DIET DEADLOCK COSTLY.

Race Feeling Defeats New Austrian

Taxation and Drastic Economics

Are Necessary.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

manys and Austria.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VIENNA, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Racial conflicts of the Ger-

SATURDAY MORNING.

Amusements—Entertainments.

ERAHOUSE— H. C. WILSON
Manager and Master
of Matinee Today—Mr. WM. A. BRADY ANNOUNCES

MR. MANTELL

Great production of Shakespearean and Romantic plays

AS YOU LIKE IT—TONIGHT, "OTHELLO." Prices—50c

or earlier & 8 p.m.

March 7—Matinee Saturday Only

RENACHE WALSH

RENT OF HER CAREER "THE TEST"

MACKIE ARBUCKLE IN THE ROUND-UP.

THEATER—

WAVDEVILLE

Presenting always the best European and American attractions.

Denton & Deglow "A Magician Danced."

Vilmos Weston Hungarian Piano Virtuoso.

Claud & Fanny Usher In "Pagan's Decision."

Cook & Stevens "No Check—No Wash."

ORPHEUM MOTION PICTURES MATINEES DAILY—10c, 25c, 50c.

BURBANK THEATER—MAIN STREET OLD OUT TODAY, RESERVE SEATS NOW FOR THE WEEK BEGINNING TOMORROW. MATINEES.

KITTY BELLAIRS'

BY DAVID BELANCO

Under the direction of Frederic Belancho

SAID IN THE EXAMINER: "A production which has never

attracted history of the city."

SAID IN THE TIMES: "The most gorgeous production ever

MADE IN THE HERALD: "It is one of the best, if not the

best in Los Angeles in a long time."

MATINEES AT 2 AND 8 O'CLOCK.

MATINEE A few new 50c Gallery 10c.

MR'S MAJESTIC THEATER—BROADWAY,

A. REILLY CO., Lesner, OLIVER MONROE, Manager.

MATINEE TODAY—LAST TIME TONIGHT.

in the WINE, WOMAN AND SONG

A New Front Row \$1.50 POPULAR MATINEE.

AT THE COZY COAST—NEXT WEEK

ARTIN & EMERTY'S ELABORATE PRODUCTION

THE RED MILL

BY VICTOR NEUBERG, Book by HENRY BLOSSOM

Set in 1868 WITH BERT G. SWOR AND FRANKER WOODS

1.50, Popular Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

BETTER—Belasco—Blackwood Co., Propr., Mgrs.

WEEK OF THIS GREAT HIT STARTS MONDAY.

The Belasco Theater company present George Broadhurst's

AN OF THE HOUR

chance to see this sensational success.

Data selling.

S THEATER

Spring at 11th.

Matines Today Two Shows Nightly.

Joe Bogannny Troup From Germany & Co. Dancing Belles

POPULAR PRICES—50c, 75c AND 90c.

CAHOUSE—

Matines Today, Tomorrow & Tuesday.

Phone Main 1345 Home 1418.

DATA OF THIS FUNNY SUCCESS, "THE AMER."

Brown's Big Musical Comedy Attraction

The Geisha

BY EDWARD MASON, PRIMA DONNA and THOMAS C.

in this splendid attraction are now selling at the popular

THEATER.

La BELLETTRE.

MURKIN "PASSION PLAY."

FRANCISCA FATHER First Performance, Three nights.

TUESDAY, MARCH 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23.

The Auditorium, Monday, March 10, Prices for season

for three nights. Box seats for \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c and 50c.

Single seats \$1.00, single seats \$1.50, 75c and 50c.

Each seat \$1.00 each. Send checks with mail orders to Frank

of Ridge, Los Angeles, Cal.

and Main—Tables Reserved

NEFANT

ROSE MOY STEVENS, soprano.

COUNTY FELIX SIEBEL, tenor.

EDWARD R. FORD, bass.

CHARLES CAVALIER, AUGUSTIN CALVO, basso, great Spanish tenor.

EDITH HELENA, prima donna.

NEFANT

NEFANT BEAUTIFUL.

SAYS IT'S COMET'S TAIL.

FARMER FINDS IT IN FIELD.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES

TUNA CITY (Calif.) March 4.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) The much-discussed and highly-sensational divorce suit brought by Mrs. E. F. Bourdeau against Eli F. Bourdeau, which was once decided in favor of the plaintiff and then reversed by the Supreme Court, was started for a second time today in Judge J. Morris Smith of Helena on the bench, as Judge Clements of Helena has been disqualified by the defense.

The parties to the suit have been separated for thirteen years. The first trial started August 1, 1901. Eli F. Bourdeau is wealthy. He alleged indolently on the part of his wife.

SECOND TRIAL FOR FREEDOM.

Sensational Divorce Case, Which Has Once Been Through the Supreme Court Begins Again.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES

BLUFF (Mont.) March 4.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) The much-discussed and highly-sensational divorce suit brought by Mrs. E. F. Bourdeau against Eli F. Bourdeau, which was once decided in favor of the plaintiff and then reversed by the Supreme Court, was started for a second time today in Judge J. Morris Smith of Helena on the bench, as Judge Clements of Helena has been disqualified by the defense.

The parties to the suit have been separated for thirteen years. The first trial started August 1, 1901. Eli F. Bourdeau is wealthy. He alleged indolently on the part of his wife.

PASSENGER TRAIN DITCHED.

NO ONE SERIOUSLY HURT.

(Associated Press Night Report.)

SPOKANE (Wash.) March 4.—The second section of Northern Pacific westbound passenger train No. 7 was ditched just east of Montezuma, 16 miles east of Spokane, at 6 o'clock this morning. Several passengers and trainmen were injured, but none fatal.

The baggage car was totally burned, and the dinner and smoker were damaged by fire.

Water had washed away the grade.

The engine had passed over the track, and the surface indications were that no damage.

The engine passed safely, but its weight

had turned the track down, and the baggage car, the dinner and two tourist cars were ditched. Three tourists cars

were on the track.

NOTICES of Travel.

SEATTLE—

AT SEATTLE, EUROPE, PASSENGER RATES.

ON, March 7, 4:30 p.m.

new freight rates, prompt deliveries.

SEATTLE, PORTLAND, SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, COAST S. OFFICE, 824 Spring St., Phone Main 2745.

FRANCISCO \$3.85 SECONDS

Portland, \$1.25, \$1.50, Seattle, \$2.25.

SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, COAST S. OFFICE, 824 Spring St., Phone Main 2745.

\$5.00 Eureka—

First-class, including North & Main, San Francisco, G. W. ELDRED, NORTH PACIFIC STREAMSHIP CO., 824 Spring St., Phone Main 2745.

THE GREAT PACIFIC SLOPE.**DISAPPROVAL.****SON OPPOSES SISTER'S PLEA.**

She Wants Father Declared an Incompetent.

Asks for Guardianship of His Large Estate.

Stiff Contest Promised in San Jose Case.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES

SAN JOSE, March 4.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) That there will be a stiff contest of the petition of Mrs. M. Koberly of Los Angeles, daughter of Alphonse Koberly, who has been an influential man in politics in this city, declared an incompetent, was made evident this morning in the Probate Court, when the matter came up for hearing.

The petition was filed early in the week and was made, Mrs. Koberly's attorney has stated, at the urgent request of Mrs. Greenberg: Reuben, the son, who has had the active management of the old gentleman's business in the city for the last two or three years, did not approve of the move.

Both now protest against the daughter being made guardian of the estate and will make a fight to show Greenberg is still mentally sound and fully able to care for his business interests.

The court set for 10 a.m. hearing with a dog team to Dawson.

Twenty-three are dead.

EXPLOSION IN GOLD MINE.

(Associated Press Night Report.)

JUNEAU (Alaska) March 4.—Thirty-three miners are dead as a result of Wednesday night's explosion in the main shaft of the Treadwell gold mine. Twenty-three bodies were taken out soon after the explosion, eight others were found in a later search of the mine, two died in a hospital and five are seriously hurt, that is to say, considered very likely to die. It is believed the carelessness of one of the miners caused the explosion. The dead men were Americans, Servians, Italians and Scandinavians, and nearly all are unmarried.

TRACKS NORTH REOPENED.

PORTLAND HAS BIG TRAFFIC.

(Associated Press Day Report.)

PORTLAND (Or.) March 4.—Sixty-six trains, the largest number in its history, are scheduled to pass through the Union Depot in this city today, partly as the result of the flood which has tied up traffic on the San Francisco-Salt Lake division of the Southern Pacific.

White Temple Church There Is

Looking for Good Man to Fill the Vacancy Caused by Dr. Brougher's Removal to Temple Auditorium in Los Angeles.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES

SAN DIEGO DIVINE MAY GET A CALL TO PORTLAND.

CHURCH VACANCY.

HAVE EYES OUT FOR A PASTOR.

NEW SENSATION IN OHIO PROBE.

GOVERNMENT HAD TIPS ON THE SECRETS LONG AGO.

SCANDALOUS.

SLOPE BRIEFS.

WILL Contest Dismissed.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 4.—After months of litigation the big estate of the late William M. Hoag reached a settlement today and the will was formally admitted.

Hoag, a wealthy banker and financier, left \$250,000 to his wife, Mrs. May Day, and a return from Los Angeles, where she had been visiting.

Hoag had no children.

The Prudential Committee of the White Temple had been the lookout for a pastor to succeed Dr. J. Whitcomb Brougher ever since he removed to Los Angeles to take charge of Temple Auditorium. It is said Dr. Hinson is already the almost unanimous choice of the committee.

Dr. Hinson himself is undecided thus far whether he will come here. He declared tonight that his relations and work in San Diego were more pleasant than he could not say, whether he would accept a call to come North, even if it were tendered.

PRIMARY LAW GOES.

NEVADA COURT SO RULES.

(Associated Press Night Report.)

CARSON (Nev.) March 4.—The direct primary law passed by the Legislature a year ago, was declared to be unconstitutional by Judge Langdon today, in the First Baptist Church of Carson City.

The law was brought to test the provisions of the new law. It is understood the compensation to be paid them for carrying mail matter is now taking place on this division.

LABOR.

STRIKE BOARD BEGINS WORK.

ARBITRATORS TAKE UP SWITCH MEN'S DEMANDS.

Men Ask Six Cents an Hour Increase Because of High Cost of Living—Trainmaster Argues That Overtime Allowance Would Cause Some to Leaf on Their Jobs.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES

CHICAGO, March 4.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) A sensational revelation was made in the oleomargarine scandal today when it was learned that information concerning the relations of William J. Moyle, Incorporated, butterine manufacturer, with his customers, now under indictment as oleo "moonshiners," has been in the hands of high government officials since last autumn and that when Federal Judge Kenesaw M. Landis here took the oleo probe into his own hands he practically snatched it away from whatever officials made no use of the tip during the several months that have passed.

An increase of 6 cents per hour in the wages of switchmen is demanded as a result of the high cost of living.

The increased peril to switchmen and the loss to railroads through the tendency to loaf on a job if time and expense permit, was the reason for the railroads' fight on the men's scheme of pay, by George Strand, at the meeting today. Strand is trainmaster on the Chicago and Northwestern road.

He declared that those men would probably neglect their work during the working day in order to get time and one-half for overtime, if the railroads ever granted this scale of pay.

"Do not these things suggest collusion with the colors?"

The letter, containing this question is on file somewhere in Washington, in the office of the chief, Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of the Treasury, according to the informant. Mr. MacVeagh passed on the question of the worth of the wrap-ups, deciding that if there was a violation there it was one of the purest laws, with reference to the inspection of food products.

Today the practice of the Department of Agriculture, and he passed the letter to James Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture. Whether or not Secretary Wilson referred it to the Chicago office of the Bureau of Animal Health is not known.

"Pope is an exceedingly crafty and resourceful redman and is probably aware of all the tricks of eluding capture in the wild mountain fastnesses which have been his home.

WASHINGTON.

LIFTS CLOUDS FROM CLAIMS.**Decision Will Relieve Fears of Many Settlers.****Purchasers of Desert Land Titles Protected.****No Responsible for Frauds of Entrymen.**

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Fred Bennett, Commissioner of the General Land Office, has rendered a decision in the case of S. E. Skinner against John E. Davis, attorney for the defendant, and has thus lifted from many desert land claims a cloud which has been affecting their title ever since the question has been raised whether or not fraud by the original entrymen could be held to invalidate the title of an innocent purchaser. While there is greater interest at stake in Imperial Valley, Cal., at present than anywhere else, the ruling will affect the holders of desert lands everywhere.

Skinner, who is now in jail in Los Angeles, the chief of Imperial Valley, an officer, has brought numerous contests of a character similar to this, and, presumably, all will fall by this decision.

This case was heard in the Los Angeles Land Office on November 12, 1907, and was decided in favor of Skinner.

There is no question but that Frank P. Pfeifer, attorney for the defendant, the land for the Imperial Land and Lemon Company. He testified himself that he did so, and that he received \$4,000 for his work. It is not charged that he knew of the fact, or that he was a San Diego druggist, and he bought the land on October 3, 1906, from Mrs. Allie Thompson, wife of a lemon grower, for \$10,000. At that time, he bought the water stock from Roy Wimp, paying for both \$2,000.

Davis, thereafter, placed the land under contract for \$10,000. It was afterward sold out and went to Tucson.

The department holds that the law does not require a cancellation of the original entry if the act of the original entrymen and the injury thereto of the innocent purchaser, who, in addition to his original investment, has, by years of labor, brought the land to a high state of cultivation, and a court of justice would and can afford him a remedy.

Both Senator Clark and Cummings charged Mr. Root with inconsistency in originally presenting an amendment prohibiting the withdrawal of the postal funds from the local banks and following that up with another amendment authorizing such withdrawal.

Mr. Smoot defended his course on the ground that he had been convinced of the unconstitutionality of the provision.

The bill, however, was passed by the Senate, and it is now in the hands of the House.

It is the opinion of the Senate that the bill is unconstitutional.

It is my opinion that a voidable, but not void, unperfected desert land entry of record, assigned for a valuable consideration to a qualified assignee, who has no notice of the entry, is not a new entry as to take it out of the class of entries contestable for fraud in the inception of the original entry."

The contest is dismissed and the bill referred to the Senate.

G. W. Helm, a San Francisco agent who came on from Los Angeles in connection with this case, will return there in a few days.

REAL "TRUST-BUSTERS."

PLANS TO FIGHT FIRE WITH FIRE.

WILL DRIVE FEDERATION OF LABOR OUT OF POLITICS.

The National Labor Alliance is Organized by Heads of Knights of Labor, Big Manufacturers and Congressmen Who Have Been Opposed by Comptrollers.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The National Labor Alliance has been organized in this city for the purpose of driving the American Federation of Labor out of politics. It is to be composed of the Knights of Labor, manufacturers and Congressmen who have been opposed in their districts by the Federation of Labor. A large capital fund has been promised and headquarters will be opened here next week.

The utmost secrecy was maintained concerning the meeting held last night, at which were present several well-known members of Congress who have been opposed for reflection by officials of the American Federation of Labor, including John H. Wayes, grand master workman of the Knights of Labor; several capitalists of New York City and many persons who have been instrumental in the federation's efforts to control political power.

The Congressmen interested with the leaders of the independent labor leaders, who are among the project of the alliance, will attend the political end of the plan.

One of the plans of the alliance, it was learned, is to send money and speakers into every Congress district where the federation attempts to prevent the reelection of any representative in the coming Congressional elections.

Over 200 persons present at the meeting declared that more than \$100,000 had already been assured for the treasury of the organization.

NEW LABOR ALLIANCE, ORGANIZED SECRETLY.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The National Labor Alliance, organized at a secret meeting here last night, will oppose the American Federation of Labor in national and congressional elections. Several members of Congress, opposed by the American Federation, were in attendance.

NEW WIRELESS REGULATION.

BILL IS DRAFTED.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Officials of the Navy Department and of the Department of Commerce believe that amateur wireless and telegraph operators may be controlled by being prohibited by law from interfering with wireless messages dispatched to and from vessels at sea.

The subject was taken up by the House Committee on Merchant Marine, and by the Senate's Foreign Com-

SIX HOURS OF HOT DEBATE ON POSTAL BANK BILL IN SENATE.

NO VOTE IS REACHED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 4.—After laboring for almost six hours today is an atmosphere charged with the electricity generated by conflicting opinions, the Senate again failed to reach a vote on the postal savings bank bill, and took a recess until tomorrow.

By this action the legislative day of March 3 is continued until tomorrow.

There is some uncertainty whether final action will be reached even then. When the recess was taken, Senator Carter said seven or eight Senators desired to speak, and he did not want to guess how many other speeches might follow.

Beginning at 11:30 today, the flow of oratory continued until after 5 o'clock when Mr. Carter moved a recess until 11:30 to-morrow morning. During the day there were speeches by Senators Root, Carter, Cummings, Raynor, Clapp, Borland, Clay, Newlands and others, representing almost as many views as there were speakers.

The Committee on Banking, to which the proposal, amending, limiting to times of war the exigencies in which the postal funds may be withdrawn from the banks in which they are deposited, was the technical subject of discussion, was in session throughout the day, and during that time there were many, rather acrid, exchanges of views.

CREDIT IS SAFE.

Senator Root dwelt strongly on the necessity of protecting the credit of the country. Mr. Carter strongly seconded Mr. Root's appeal, and drew a vivid picture of the possibility of an uncontrollable inflation if the bill were not passed.

Both Senator Clark and Cummings charged Mr. Root with inconsistency in originally presenting an amendment prohibiting the withdrawal of the postal funds from the local banks and following that up with another amendment authorizing such withdrawal.

Mr. Smoot defended his course on the ground that he had been convinced of the unconstitutionality of the provision.

Pointing out that under the provisions of the bill there would be 10,000,000 depositors, Mr. Gallingher predicted a serious condition in times of financial emergency.

"All depositors would demand their money," he said, "and when they found out that the government had it I think there would be a run on the banks." He added, "If the depositors had no confidence in the government, we replied Mr. Smoot, "but we assume they would have."

Not necessarily so," replied Mr. Gallingher, "if they were aliens as many of the depositors would be."

UP AND DOWN THE VALLEY.

PTH OF THE NEWS FROM OUT THE MIDDLE WEST.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

CHICAGO, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Spring weather has come to Chicago seventeen days in advance of the date announced for the formal entry of the season. The forecast says the last cold spell marked the end of winter and confirmed mild weather may be expected. Today's maximum temperature was 55 and the minimum 40 degs. Middle West temperatures:

SLATER ARRAIGNED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

COLUMBUS (O.) March 4.—Former Supervisor of State Printing Mark Slater was arraigned today in Common Pleas Court of Columbus on the two additional indictments that were returned against him by the grand jury, and pleaded not guilty to all of them. The charge against Slater for the alleged sending of false vouchers to the State treasurer, where he is said to have defrauded the State of Ohio of about \$25,000. Slater was returned to the County Jail.

POLICE PENSION PROBLEM.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, March 4.—Chicago has 200 faithful, but aged or crippled, policemen on its pay roll. Chief of Police Stewart, interested primarily in keeping the personnel of his department up to a high grade of efficiency, has demanded that they be taken on the rolls and retired on pensions. The Pension Board has declined to do this because if it retires the men there will not be enough money in the pension fund to care for all the pensioners adequately. When the names of these men have been sent to the Pension Board that body has returned them with the curt notation: "Fit for light work."

BROAD CHALLENGE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, March 4.—Our women, young and old women—will contest, against any set of women from any other society of Chicago, in singing, instrumental music, poetry, sewing, shooting, ping pong, baseball, cribbage or bridge, for money, marbles or chalk. We are here to be shown, and here to show." That was the challenge issued by Col. John I. Martin, former leader of the Missouri Society of Chicago, at the first reception of the Women's Auxiliary, Thursday night.

A brief speech, Coughlin said: "Follow me, Democrats: This is a surprise to me. I never was more surprised in my life. It is indeed a great honor to receive the nomination for Alderman of the First Ward at the hands of the Democratic party."

"I have represented this ward in the City Council for eighteen years. You always know on what side of the fence to find John Coughlin. There is no 'no' or 'no' about me. It's either 'yes' or 'no.'

"You probably have noticed that I don't vote with the alleged reformers on certain questions. I don't want to have anything to do with those long-haired guys."

The City Council to represent the First Ward to the best of my ability. If it is the wish of the voters of this ward to reelect me, I shall go to the polls and do my best I know you have placed in me."

Alderman Michael Kenna, also of the First Ward, was chairman of the meeting.

THE PICTUREQUE TIROL.—In the subject of an entertaining article written for The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

THE TIMES MAGAZINE will be printed in colors the coming Sunday. It will be an exceptionally good number.

WASHINGON BRIEFS.

Names California Postmaster.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The President sent to the Senate today the name of Samuel S. Johnston to be postmaster at National City, Cal.

THE PICTUREQUE TIROL.—In the subject of an interesting article written for The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

THE TIMES MAGAZINE will be printed in colors the coming Sunday. It will be an exceptionally good number.

MAIN ST.

MAKES POOR SHOWING.

KNOWS LITTLE AT FIRST HAND.

PINCHOT ADMITS THAT DIRECT KNOWLEDGE IS LIMITED.

CAN CITE ONLY ONE ACT OF SECRETARY BALLINGER.

SENATOR FLINT CHIDES LAWYERS FOR WRANGLING.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The Ballinger-Pinchot investigation dragged on two days yesterday. During the day there were speeches by Senators Root, Carter, Cummings, Raynor,

Clapp, Borland, Clay, Newlands and others, representing almost as many views as there were speakers.

The Committee on Banking, to which the proposal, amending, limiting to times of war the exigencies in which the postal funds may be withdrawn from the banks in which they are deposited, was the technical subject of discussion, was in session throughout the day, and during that time there were many, rather acrid, exchanges of views.

NOTE OF ALARM.

Appealing for candid treatment of the question, Mr. Carter, in charge of the bill, said that the postal funds should be invested in government bonds, but he hardly thought the postal savings board would approach investment in the \$70,000,000 existing 2 per cent. bonds as some had feared.

NOTE OF ALARM.

Mr. Root said his amendment centered around the investment of the postal funds in bonds, and he believed that the postal savings board would approach investment in the \$70,000,000 existing 2 per cent. bonds as some had feared.

NOTE OF ALARM.

Mr. Root supported the Cummings amendment, but he said the Smoot proposal would be a constant threat to every bank taking the postal money, unless that bank would diversify its portfolio, and that the custom by the Secretary of the Interior would be responsible for the defeat of the bill.

The proposition pending, Mr. Clapp declared, was totally different from the original, and he cross-examined Mr. Pinchot. He elicited interesting information, but for the most part the day was taken up with wrangles between the attorney and the witness, and sometimes between Mr. Vertrees and counsel for the other side.

Mr. Pinchot complained to the committee that it was difficult to explain forest service matters to a man so little informed on the subject as Mr. Vertrees.

The members of the committee showed considerable impatience during the day, and Senator Flint repeatedly urged counsel to stop wrangling and try to get down to facts.

Senator Flint declared that one letter had been placed in the record at two quite different times.

Mr. Pinchot admitted at his first hearing that the bill should be defeated, but reiterated that the Secretary of the Interior had received the President's proposal.

Mr. Clapp called attention to the fact that the Senate had adopted the original amendment and urged the recommendation of the bill.

Pointing out that under the provisions of the bill there would be 10,000,000 depositors, Mr. Gallingher predicted a serious condition in times of financial emergency.

"All depositors would demand their money," he said, "and when they found out that the government had it I think there would be a run on the banks."

NOTICE OF ALARM.

Mr. Root, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

Mr. Vertrees, however, insisted that the bill was not the usual arrangement of the Cunningham amendment.

Mr. Pinchot agreed with Mr. Root.

RELIGIOUS.

"BOOSTING THE BUSTED."

Mel Trotter's Unique Mass Meeting Topic.

Great Banquet to Precede Laymen's Convention.

Ministers Put Embargo on Divorced Couples.



Rev. Lyle Harris,
one of the Union Rescue Mission con-
verts.

A number of young preachers, who made their start on the Christian highway from this mission, have come into the city to attend the meeting, among them is Rev. Lyle Harris, now pastor of the Congregational Church at Maywood. He is a young man of fine appearance and is said to be doing a splendid work at his desert station. He is the son of a minister, and is one of the brands snatched from the streets of Los Angeles by the mission workers, after he had wandered far away from the eastern home and the path of rectitude.

Another of these young preachers is Rev. Britton Ross, pastor of the First Baptist Church, Alhambra, who is doing a good work and is immensely popular with his people.

Other Kellings, president of the mission, will speak at the meeting, Dr. Hugh K. Walker and Mr. Charles Edward Locke will take part. There will also be a solo by Mr. Ellsworth and a number by the Thespian Quartette.

LAYMEN'S CONVENTION.

EVERYTHING IN READINESS. The organization work for the convention of the Laymen's Missionary Movement has been quietly prosecuted, and the 350 tickets to the banquet, which will be the opening event, have about all been sold, and arrangements for the sessions of a greater number are now being completed.

This banquet will be held in the Hamburger Hall on Tuesday evening, and the other six sessions of the convention will be held in the First Methodist Church on Wednesday and Thursday. The following provisional program has been arranged, subject to change and includes many noted missionaries and workers:

At the banquet address will be delivered by William H. Lewis, Seattle, on "The National Missionary Movement," Rev. Edward R. Sturges of Everett, Pa., on "The Apostle's Testimony," by J. C. White of New York, on "America's World Responsibility."

Wednesday morning at 9:30 a service will be held in the church, Dr. J. F. McNaughton, Indianapolis; Bishop J. E. Rankin, Korea, Rev. Ernest F. Hall, China, Rev. C. P. Reid, afternoon, 11:30 o'clock. "Why Missions should Appeal to Men," Col. Charles G. Smith, of the Executive Committee of American Missions, "Lead a Church to its Highest Efficiency," J. Campbell White, assisted by Dr. C. V. Vicarey, New York; Rev. A. W. Rider, San Francisco; Rev. H. Melville Tamm, San Francisco; Rev. G. B. Smock, San Francisco; and others. "The Missionary Character of Christianity," Rev. Edwin L. Smith, Seattle. On Wednesday night, "How a Government Shall Come to Appreciate Missions," Bishop J. W. Alexander, "The American Consensus," Rev. K. K. Jones, "The Evangelization of Africa," Rev. Willis H. Hitchcock.

Thursday morning, 9:30: "Prayer and Missions," Dr. J. L. Dearing; Missions and Stewardship, and E. B. Morris, chairman, on "What About Shoulard? This Convention Under-Signed," conducted by J. Campbell White; "Missionary Enterprise," Bishop W. M. Bell, Los Angeles. Bishop will be seated to the ministrants at 10:30; conference by churches, 10:30; night session, "Christianity and Universal Religion," Bishop Andrew C. Rankin of Australia. There will also be brief address by J. Campbell White, Rev. J. F. Sammis, president of the Friends of Israel Union, and Rev. J. F. Ross in the forenoon, and Rev. J. F. Ross in the evening.

A large pre-convention rally was held last night in the First Congregational Church, presided over by Arthur Letts, and addresses were delivered by J. W. Brougher, W. L. Green and M. Dermott, chairman of the Executives Committee. The object of the meeting was to cement interest in the convention, and make certain the success of the opening banquet on Friday night.

NO EASY MARRIAGES.

JUB. ON DIVORCED COUPLES. Another stumbling block was thrown in the way of couples who seek easy succor in order to contract new convenient marriage by the action of the Ministerial Union of Los Angeles. A resolution was adopted declaring that no member of the union will enter officiate at the marriage of a divorced person except where divorce bonds had been granted on statutory grounds.

A few days ago the Ministerial Union composed of ministers of all evangelical denominations in the city is a member of it. The resolution was presented by the interdenominational meeting of ministers on marriage and divorce, at the regular monthly meeting of the union held on Friday, and was adopted without a murmur.

RELIGIOUS BRIEFS.

WILL SPEAK AT MISSION. A notable service will be held this Saturday evening, at the Union Rescue Mission, No. 14 North Main street, when Rev. E. B. Morris, of the Friends of Israel Union, will speak, and F. P. Brown, the well-known song writer, sing. At the close of the regular meeting, Mrs. Trotter will conduct a "lively" service for Christian men, for which refreshments will be served.

Rev. Glen McWilliams will speak in the First Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning, "The Belief of the Cross." In the evening, the pastor, Dr. W. A. Hunter, will speak on "The Aim and the

method of the Union Rescue Mission.

Another service will be held on Sunday evening, at the First Presbyterian Church, at 7:30 p.m., when Rev. Frank G. Carpenter will tell the readers of the Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

FOR GOOD READING see The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

RUBY ARCHER. SEUMAH MACMANUS describes what he wrote for The Times Magazine an article Sunday.

FRANK G. CARPENTER will tell the readers of the Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

FOR GOOD READING see The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

Vapo-Resolene. An inhalation for Whooping-Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Coughs, Diphtheria, Catarrh.

Resolene is a boon to Asthmatics.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

It is a most valuable medicine to be taken for diseases of the breathing organs.

Campbell Morgan's Lesson Helps.

BRIEF, PRACTICAL AND VALUABLE COMMENTS ON THE INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY-SCHOOL LESSONS.

By G. Campbell Morgan, D.D.

JESUS THE HEALER.

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases."

The Lesson:

Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.' And he said unto him, 'Go, show thyself to the priest.' And he went his way, and immediately the leprosy left him. And he said unto Jesus, 'I am clean.' And Jesus said unto him, 'Thy sins are forgiven thee.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Golden Text: Matthew viii, 17. "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases." The Leper: Matthew viii, 2-11. "And when he saw a leper, he pitied him, and said unto him, 'I have compassion on you. Your sins are forgiven you.'

Classified Liners

HOTELS—ROOMING-HOUSES—
For Sale, Exchange or Wanted.

FOR SALE—GRAND SNAP, 35 ROOMS, 1st floor, near Third. Large rooms, light and airy, overlooking the city; must be sold. See it at once. Offers wanted. DECKER, 424 S. Broadway.

22 rooms on Main st., near Third; price reduced. Good location, good house; ideal house; 23 rooms, steam heat, not water; grand location; clear over \$100 per month; rent \$100. Offers wanted. DECKER, 424 S. Broadway.

Grand opportunity. 10 rooms, cheap rent, and \$100 per month; payments by installments. Good location, good apartment house, no rooms, \$100 per month; rent \$100. Offers wanted. DECKER, 424 S. Broadway.

22 rooms on S. Spring; 8 cash, 12 payment; 22 rooms, S. West; fine house.

Hotel, best in city; room, only \$100.

55 rooms for exchange, all prices.

Tell us or exchange quick! Get your property with H. C. DECKER, 424 S. Broadway. Main 232.

FOR SALE—

AT THE END OF THE FACTORY.
After a careful personal investigation am convinced that this is the biggest and best building that you ever have been offered in the city that is now available.

ROOMING HOUSE.

Now and modern brick building.

Rentals well furnished.

Three years lease.

Near Arcade Depot.

Please, 1000 and 800 can stand. Apply GREENOUGH & LOVE, 816 East Main, Main 232.

WANTED—LADY WISHES TO BUY SMALL

rooming house, address, D. V.

FOR SALE AT BARGAIN PRICE, 11-ROOM

rooming-house, always full, in heart of city.

62 S. HOPE. Phone 2712.

FOR SALE—ROOMING HOUSE,

worth looking after. 722 S. Hill. 6.

FOR SALE—

Linen or Orange Grove.

FOR SALE—ORANGE CLOUD LANDS,

FROSTLESS AND DISTINCTIVELY DIFF-

ERENT FROM BROADWAY.

Only 15 minutes from Los Angeles. A property, in the heart of the foothills, and its superb climate, beauty, cannot fail to command the highest price.

Los Angeles is rapidly growing, out beyond.

The soil is perfectly adapted to orange growing.

Plenty of water is to be had, 20

days more than a sufficient for both land and domestic purposes.

Motor cars over the Southern Pacific Railway; fine automobile drives over the Angeles, Pasadena and Foothill Avenue to the property.

Terms and terms are most favorable. Only 15 down and E per month, only \$100 to \$500 per acre.

Call with your prospective litigature.

Join us of our records and see the property with your eyes.

EMIL FIRTH.

21 S. 4th St. Tel. 2712. Main 242.

Our dear square.

U.S.—KED.

Every day a member.

32 S. E. ROCKIN

Frictionless, 1500 ft.

100 ft. Ad.

BUSINESS. Barometer of the Markets—Financial.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.
Los Angeles, March 5, 1910.

BANK CLEARING.—The bank clearings yesterday were \$1,200,600.00; for the day before, \$1,161,277.75.

Tuesday, March 5.

Wednesday, March 6.

Thursday, March 7.

Friday, March 8.

Saturday, March 9.

Sunday, March 10.

Monday, March 11.

Tuesday, March 12.

Wednesday, March 13.

Thursday, March 14.

Friday, March 15.

Saturday, March 16.

Sunday, March 17.

Monday, March 18.

Tuesday, March 19.

Wednesday, March 20.

Thursday, March 21.

Friday, March 22.

Saturday, March 23.

Sunday, March 24.

Monday, March 25.

Tuesday, March 26.

Wednesday, March 27.

Thursday, March 28.

Friday, March 29.

Saturday, March 30.

Sunday, March 31.

Monday, April 1.

Tuesday, April 2.

Wednesday, April 3.

Thursday, April 4.

Friday, April 5.

Saturday, April 6.

Sunday, April 7.

Monday, April 8.

Tuesday, April 9.

Wednesday, April 10.

Thursday, April 11.

Friday, April 12.

Saturday, April 13.

Sunday, April 14.

Monday, April 15.

Tuesday, April 16.

Wednesday, April 17.

Thursday, April 18.

Friday, April 19.

Saturday, April 20.

Sunday, April 21.

Monday, April 22.

Tuesday, April 23.

Wednesday, April 24.

Thursday, April 25.

Friday, April 26.

Saturday, April 27.

Sunday, April 28.

Monday, April 29.

Tuesday, April 30.

Wednesday, April 31.

Thursday, May 1.

Friday, May 2.

Saturday, May 3.

Sunday, May 4.

Monday, May 5.

Tuesday, May 6.

Wednesday, May 7.

Thursday, May 8.

Friday, May 9.

Saturday, May 10.

Sunday, May 11.

Monday, May 12.

Tuesday, May 13.

Wednesday, May 14.

Thursday, May 15.

Friday, May 16.

Saturday, May 17.

Sunday, May 18.

Monday, May 19.

Tuesday, May 20.

Wednesday, May 21.

Thursday, May 22.

Friday, May 23.

Saturday, May 24.

Sunday, May 25.

Monday, May 26.

Tuesday, May 27.

Wednesday, May 28.

Thursday, May 29.

Friday, May 30.

Saturday, May 31.

Sunday, May 32.

Monday, May 33.

Tuesday, May 34.

Wednesday, May 35.

Thursday, May 36.

Friday, May 37.

Saturday, May 38.

Sunday, May 39.

Monday, May 40.

Tuesday, May 41.

Wednesday, May 42.

Thursday, May 43.

Friday, May 44.

Saturday, May 45.

Sunday, May 46.

Monday, May 47.

Tuesday, May 48.

Wednesday, May 49.

Thursday, May 50.

Friday, May 51.

Saturday, May 52.

Sunday, May 53.

Monday, May 54.

Tuesday, May 55.

Wednesday, May 56.

Thursday, May 57.

Friday, May 58.

Saturday, May 59.

Sunday, May 60.

Monday, May 61.

Tuesday, May 62.

Wednesday, May 63.

Thursday, May 64.

Friday, May 65.

Saturday, May 66.

Sunday, May 67.

Monday, May 68.

Tuesday, May 69.

Wednesday, May 70.

Thursday, May 71.

Friday, May 72.

Saturday, May 73.

Sunday, May 74.

Monday, May 75.

Tuesday, May 76.

Wednesday, May 77.

Thursday, May 78.

Friday, May 79.

Saturday, May 80.

Sunday, May 81.

Monday, May 82.

Tuesday, May 83.

Wednesday, May 84.

Thursday, May 85.

Friday, May 86.

Saturday, May 87.

Sunday, May 88.

Monday, May 89.

Tuesday, May 90.

Wednesday, May 91.

Thursday, May 92.

Friday, May 93.

Saturday, May 94.

Sunday, May 95.

Monday, May 96.

Tuesday, May 97.

Wednesday, May 98.

Thursday, May 99.

Friday, May 100.

Saturday, May 101.

Sunday, May 102.

Monday, May 103.

Tuesday, May 104.

Wednesday, May 105.

Thursday, May 106.

Friday, May 107.

Saturday, May 108.

Sunday, May 109.

Monday, May 110.

Tuesday, May 111.

Wednesday, May 112.

Thursday, May 113.

Friday, May 114.

Saturday, May 115.

Sunday, May 116.

Monday, May 117.

Tuesday, May 118.

Wednesday, May 119.

Thursday, May 120.

Friday, May 121.

Saturday, May 122.

Sunday, May 123.

Monday, May 124.

Tuesday, May 125.

Wednesday, May 126.

Thursday, May 127.

Friday, May 128.

Saturday, May 129.

Sunday, May 130.

Monday, May 131.

Tuesday, May 132.

Wednesday, May 133.

Thursday, May 134.

Friday, May 135.

Saturday, May 136.

Sunday, May 137.

Monday, May 138.

Tuesday, May 139.

Wednesday, May 140.

Thursday, May 141.

Friday, May 142.

Saturday, May 143.

Sunday, May 144.

Monday, May 145.

Tuesday, May 146.

Wednesday, May 147.

Thursday, May 148.

Friday, May 149

SATURDAY MORNING.

Copper Company
ARIZONA

Mit. Convertible 6 Per Cent Gold Bond
The Santa Monica Harbor and Improvement Company, with its great promise, and **AMERICAN CRUDE OIL**, its solid assets and fine dividends, day advertisement.

PH BALL COMPANY
STOCKS AND BONDS
133-434-436-437 Security Bldg.
Members Los Angeles Stock Exchange.
Sunset Main 2

GAN & BRYAN
BROKERS
10831 Sunset Main 223
Members of All Leading Exchanges
L. N. STOTT, Manager

OFFICE BRADBURY BUILDING
Exclusive Private Wire System Ever Organized

HUTTON & CO.
112 West Third Street
Main 312
Wire to Chicago, New York and Boston
BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON, COPPER
Stock Exchange and All Leading Exchanges
Pasadena Office Hotel California

100% interest paid on all bonds.

70% interest paid on all stocks.

50% interest paid on all grain.

40% interest paid on all cotton.

30% interest paid on all copper.

20% interest paid on all bonds.

10% interest paid on all stocks.

5% interest paid on all grain.

3% interest paid on all cotton.

2% interest paid on all copper.

1% interest paid on all bonds.

0.5% interest paid on all stocks.

0.25% interest paid on all grain.

0.125% interest paid on all cotton.

0.0625% interest paid on all copper.

0.03125% interest paid on all bonds.

0.015625% interest paid on all stocks.

0.0078125% interest paid on all grain.

0.00390625% interest paid on all cotton.

0.001953125% interest paid on all copper.

0.0009765625% interest paid on all bonds.

0.00048828125% interest paid on all stocks.

0.000244140625% interest paid on all grain.

0.0001220703125% interest paid on all cotton.

0.00006103515625% interest paid on all copper.

0.000030517578125% interest paid on all bonds.

0.0000152587890625% interest paid on all stocks.

0.00000762939453125% interest paid on all grain.

0.000003814697265625% interest paid on all cotton.

0.0000019073486328125% interest paid on all copper.

0.00000095367431640625% interest paid on all bonds.

0.000000476837158203125% interest paid on all stocks.

0.0000002384185791015625% interest paid on all grain.

0.00000011920928955078125% interest paid on all cotton.

0.000000059604644775390625% interest paid on all copper.

0.0000000298023223876953125% interest paid on all bonds.

0.00000001490116119384765625% interest paid on all stocks.

0.000000007450580596923828125% interest paid on all grain.

0.0000000037252902984619140625% interest paid on all cotton.

0.0000000018626451492309578125% interest paid on all copper.

0.000000000931322574615298453125% interest paid on all bonds.

0.0000000004656612873076492265625% interest paid on all stocks.

0.0000000002328306436538246328125% interest paid on all grain.

0.00000000011641532182691221640625% interest paid on all cotton.

0.000000000058207660913456108203125% interest paid on all copper.

0.0000000000291038304567280541015625% interest paid on all bonds.

0.000000000014550195228364025078125% interest paid on all stocks.

0.0000000000072750976141830125390625% interest paid on all grain.

0.0000000000036375488070915069453125% interest paid on all cotton.

0.00000000000181877440354525347265625% interest paid on all copper.

0.00000000000090938720177262693640625% interest paid on all bonds.

0.000000000000454693600886313218203125% interest paid on all stocks.

0.0000000000002273468004431566091015625% interest paid on all grain.

0.0000000000001136734002215783045078125% interest paid on all cotton.

0.00000000000005683670011078915225390625% interest paid on all copper.

0.0000000000000284183500553948761265625% interest paid on all bonds.

0.000000000000014209175002769738123203125% interest paid on all stocks.

0.0000000000000071045875013848911161015625% interest paid on all grain.

0.0000000000000035522937500694455805078125% interest paid on all cotton.

0.000000000000001776146875003472275265625% interest paid on all copper.

0.00000000000000088807343750017361371015625% interest paid on all bonds.

0.00000000000000044403671875000868088590625% interest paid on all stocks.

0.0000000000000002220183593750004440453125% interest paid on all grain.

0.000000000000000111009179687500022202265625% interest paid on all cotton.

0.000000000000000055504589843750001110113203125% interest paid on all copper.

0.000000000000000027752294921875000055505625% interest paid on all bonds.

0.000000000000000013876147460937500002775265625% interest paid on all stocks.

0.0000000000000000069380737304875000013876203125% interest paid on all grain.

0.0000000000000000034690368652437500000693815625% interest paid on all cotton.

0.00000000000000000173451843262187500000346908078125% interest paid on all copper.

0.00000000000000000086725921631093750000017345453125% interest paid on all bonds.

0.000000000000000000433629608155487500000086727265625% interest paid on all stocks.

0.00000000000000000021681480407774375000004336365625% interest paid on all grain.

0.00000000000000000010840740203887218750000216818203125% interest paid on all cotton.

0.000000000000000000054203701019436875000010840915625% interest paid on all copper.

0.0000000000000000000271018505097184375000005420453125% interest paid on all bonds.

0.000000000000000000013550925254854218750000027102265625% interest paid on all stocks.

0.000000000000000000006775462627427109375000001355113203125% interest paid on all grain.

0.00000000000000000000338773131371355437500000067755625% interest paid on all cotton.

0.00000000000000000000169386565675677743750000033872803125% interest paid on all copper.

0.000000000000000000000846932828385388743750000016939453125% interest paid on all bonds.

0.00000000000000000000042346641419269437500000084694765625% interest paid on all stocks.

0.000000000000000000000211733207096347187500000423473803125% interest paid on all grain.

0.00000000000000000000010586660354817354375000002117365625% interest paid on all cotton.

0.00000000000000000000005293330177408677437500000105868203125% interest paid on all copper.

0.00000000000000000000002646665088704338743750000005293415625% interest paid on all bonds.

0.00000000000000000000001323332544352169375000000264668203125% interest paid on all stocks.

0.00000000000000000000000661666272176084687500000013233453125% interest paid on all grain.

0.0000000000000000000000033083313608804234375000000066167265625% interest paid on all cotton.

0.000000000000000000000001654165680440211743750000003308365625% interest paid on all copper.

0.0000000000000000000000008270828402200105874375000000165418203125% interest paid on all bonds.

0.0000000000000000000000004135414201100052937500000008270915625% interest paid on all stocks.

0.0000000000000000000000002067707100500264687500000004135453125% interest paid on all grain.

0.00000000000000000000000010338535502501323437500000020677265625% interest paid on all cotton.

0.0000000000000000000000000516926775125066174375000001033865625% interest paid on all copper.

0.00000000000000000000000002584633875625330875000000051693203125% interest paid on all bonds.

0.0000000000000000000000000129231693781251654375000000258466203125% interest paid on all stocks.

0.00000000000000000000000000646158468906258234375000000129233265625%

Los Angeles Daily Times

California del Sur

CITY AND COUNTRY.

On All News Stands, Trains and Streets. 5 CENTS.

\$3 Undershirts, Gar. \$1.45
A BOUT half of our great fourth floor given over to ladies' and high-grade Mufflers at \$1.45. Thousands of coats, jackets, hats, dresses, Drawers, Corset Covers, Skirts, Drawers, Corsets, etc., all the highest quality materials, \$2 values at \$1.45.
\$1.25 Lawn Dressing Sacques 95c

FIRST showing of the spring to season; scores of bright new styles to choose from. FOURTH FLOOR.

Dresses at \$15
manship, Remarkably Good
Spring Garments at \$15

Infants' and Children's Headwear
Saturday First Complete Showing



HATS FROM 75c TO \$4.00

AN UNSURPASSED showing of infants' and children's most elegant headwear, including every gingham and the largest variety we have ever had; values better than usual.

Women's Banded "Knox" Shape
Sailors on Sale Saturday at \$2.15

THESE jaunty tailored hats come in white, burnt and black; are made of finest materials, and are excellent value at \$2.15. See them on the second floor.

10c Neck Ruches, Each 4c
SILK chiffon, crepe lace, net and cord ruchings; white, black, sky, pink, champagne and Persian effects.

35c Veilings, Yard 15c
FIFTY pieces new mesh veilings; all colors, as well as black and white. MAIN FLOOR.

Hosiery Day at Jacoby's
Short Black Hose, Pair 26c

Pr. 11c
Pr. 25c
Pr. 55c
Pr. 19c



OPOLIS
Your
Easter Suit

may be chosen to best advantage from this big collection of the most favored

Spring and Summer Suitings
an informal display of which begins, in our Reception and Fitting Rooms, immediately adjoining the Dress Goods Section, on Monday of next week.

The exhibit will comprise all of our exclusive imported suitings from England, Scotland and Germany; our finest domestic suitings, fancy and plain; softer materials for dressy garments—every variation of color and weave known to the best makers will be on display.

Suits to Measure
Will be made at less than the prices we usually charge, during this Display Week. We guarantee hand tailoring, guaranteed silk linings; perfect fit and workmanship and newest styles.

By the Way

Just as there is no such thing as a "practically fresh egg," there is no such thing as "practically all wool."

Cloth is either all wool, or it isn't.

All our materials are wool—all wool.

Coulter's

Tailoring Section
219-229 S. Broadway

XXIXth YEAR.

N.B. Blackstone &
DRY GOODS

EAST SIDE OF BROADWAY BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH STREETS

Exceptional Bags at \$2.50

Today our leather goods department offers a just arrived line of shopping bags at a price that will establish a new standard in Los Angeles for good bags.

THEY COME IN THE LATEST AND BEST SHAPES: 10 AND 11-INCH FRAME; TAN OR BLACK; LEATHER LINED; SINGLE OR DOUBLE STRAP HANDLES; GOLD OR GUN-METAL MOUNTINGS; MADE OF AN EXCEPTIONALLY FINE QUALITY OF BLACK SEAL GRAIN LEATHER.

This is a bag that should—and ordinarily would—sell at \$3.50. Special Saturday... \$2.50
Main Floor

Excellent Union Suits 50c

Particular attention is called to a new line of union suits at the above popular price.

They are knit to fit; perfectly finished. High or low neck, long or short sleeves, knee or ankle lengths, plain or lace trimmed.

Investigate this item. It's unusual.

Main Floor

New Apparel for Misses & Children

Misses' Peter Thompsons of men's suiting serge; the most perfect garments in style, workmanship and finish we have ever seen.

\$20.00

Misses' Washable Peter Thompsons of blue linen, white poplin and natural linen; smart new models, beautifully made. Sizes 14, 16 and 18 years.

\$10.00

Children's Full Kilted Skirts of white gaeta, the latest skirt idea. 24 to 34-inch

\$1.50

Third Floor

"Onyx" Hose at 50c

In spite of the greatly advanced tariff rates on foreign hosiery, our new lines of "Onyx" stockings are marked no higher than were last season's goods. Let us convince you:

"ONYX" BLACK GAUZE LISLES, LINEN SPliced HEEL, TOE AND SOLE; DEEP GARTER TOPS.

"ONYX" 468-K BLACK SILK LISLES, KNIT WITH DOUBLE HEEL, TOE AND SOLE, GARTER TOP.

"ONYX" TAN OR BLACK GAUZE LISLES, KNIT WITH THE WIDE FLARE TOP.

"ONYX" COLORED SILK LISLES, IN ALL THE NEW SPRING SHADES, INCLUDING GOLD, MUSTARD, WISTARIA, PEACH, APRICOT, HELIO, PRINCESS GRAY, BRONZE, TAN, BROWN, SMOKE, AND EVERY OTHER WANT-ED SHADE.

CHILDREN'S FINE RIBBED SILK LISLES, IN THE POPULAR BRONZE SHADES.

3 Pairs for \$1.00

INFANTS' FANCY SOCKS OF COTTON LISLE OR SILK, 25c, 35c and 50c

Main Floor

A Word of Advice to Violin Beginners

Do you know that the selection of a proper size in Violin and Bow is as important to the performer as the choosing of a well-fitting pair of shoes is to the pedestrian? The law of too much or too little Violin results in false positions in the performer. These facts are fully set forth in the proper development of the study. We pay special attention to the selection of Violins for beginners, having instruments in full size, half and three-quarter sizes. Bring in your Child and our Violin Expert will assist you in selecting an instrument perfectly adapted to the size and age of the beginner. Violin Outfits at \$10, \$15 to \$25. In finer Violins our selections range in price from \$200 to \$500 each.

Guitars, Mandolins and Banjos

Genuine Mario Guitars and Mandolins, \$17.50, \$22.50, \$27.50, \$30, \$35 and \$40.

Washburn Guitars and Mandolins, from \$15 upward.

Stewart Banjos, genuine \$10, \$15, \$20, \$25, \$40, \$60.

Morrison Banjos, \$30 and \$50.

Holton Band Instruments

The finest in the world. Full assortments.

Talking Machine Owners: Do You Know About Our Free Inspection Service?

Are you a member of our Free Inspection Department? Are Headquarters for our and authority in Talking Machine Owners? We invite our friends utilizing our Free Repair Department. To get the best out of your Machine it must be in perfect condition. Drop us a card or telephone us, and without any expense to you we will have your machine properly repaired and ready. We will examine the sound box, and the tone arm, and properly connect with the diaphragm. If your machine is put to running correctly, your enjoyment of it will be increased a hundred per cent. This Free Service is available to you whether you purchased your machine here or not. We want you to become better acquainted with our popularly priced Talking Machine equipment. Utilize this service. Terms: Deposit \$10, then a first payment of \$2.75 cash will place a Talking Machine in your home and pay for the first six weeks. A dollar or more weekly will pay the balance.

Victor
\$10 to \$250
\$1 or more a week

Edison
\$12.50 to \$60
\$1 or more a week

Geo. J. Birkel Company
STEINWAY - CECILIAN - VICTOR DEALERS
345-7-SOUTH SPRING ST.

Chas. W. Ennis
GOLF SHIRT
CLEARANCE
Wonderful Values
At..... 85c

Coulters
Tailoring Section
219-229 S. Broadway

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 5, 1910.

TOO SOON.

NEW COMET UNRIPE FOR SKIBO'S LAIRD.

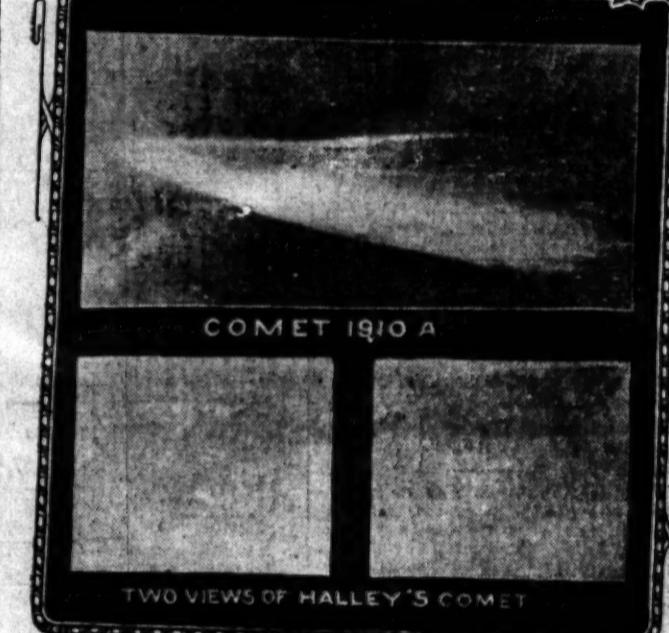
Carnegie's Coming Visit to His Observatory on Mount Wilson Not Set At Proper Time for Best View of Heavenly Tramp.

BY WILLIAM H. KNIGHT.

A NOBLE CARNEGIE, the iron master and philanthropist, when he comes from Santa Barbara to Los Angeles and Pasadena within the next two weeks, will not see much of Halley's celebrated comet through the wonderful astronomical equipment with which he has provided the great observatory on Mount Wilson. Scores of laborers are engaged in blasting out bad places on the mountain trail and in making the steep road ready for the automobile which will convey Mr. Carnegie to the peak, but when all that is done, and the lovable Laird of Skibo finds himself at last at the top, he will not



Dr. Louis Swift.



TWO VIEWS OF HALLEY'S COMET

MUZZLES OR DEAD DOGS.

Ordinance to Prevent Biting by Canines Signed, Becoming Effective Monday.

The Mayor signed the dog-muzzling ordinance late yesterday afternoon. It will be published by the City Clerk Monday morning, and will be effective immediately.

This means that on Monday every dog must be kept in an enclosure, or, if permitted in the streets, or uninclosed lot, wear a muzzle so designed, the ordinance says, that it cannot bite any person or other animal.

The Mayor said he believes the ordinance will work no hardship, as those who do not want to muzzle their dogs need only keep them confined, and those who do not want to confine them need only muzzle them.

The drastic part of the ordinance is the section giving the police and the humane animal inspectors the right to "take up or shoot every dog found in the streets without a muzzle." Dogs "taken up" under this section will be sent to the pound, but if the patrolman does not see fit to "take up" an animal he may shoot it. It is expected the police will use this discretion wisely, but this will not mean, the officials say, a minimum of danger to the unmuzzled k-9s in the streets. It does not necessarily mean the maximum.

"Keep your dog indoors or muzzle it" is the advice of the Mayor and other officials.

VICTIMS.

STRANGE DEATH FOLLOWS BITE.

DOG DOCTOR PASSES IN AGONY AFTER FANGS ENTER.

Operated Upon for Appendicitis. But Physician Admits Case Was a Most Peculiar One, With Some Symptoms of Rabies—Six Others Chewed by Canines Yesterday.

One man dead, supposedly from the effects of a dog bite, and six persons severely injured marked yesterday's toll of the ravages of vicious canines. John McAllister, a veterinary surgeon's assistant, died at the Crocker Street Hospital, yesterday morning, in horrible agony. The circumstances of his death are most unusual.

Dr. Clinton Roath, who attended the man, is inclined to believe that rabies did not figure materially in the man's death, although the doctor admits there were several serious consultations over this supposition.

About a week ago McAllister was in the best of health. He was helping at the dog hospital from some strange malady. McAllister was terribly bitten. The animal had many of the symptoms of rabies, and yet there were many symptoms lacking, showing the presence of a disease beyond the knowledge of dog surgeons.

The dog died a few hours after having

(Continued on Sixth Page.)

FOR HIS PEN.

LIBRARIAN LUMMIS SUDDENLY RESIGNS.

FOLLOWING the gift of his library to the Southwestern Museum, Charles F. Lummis yesterday presented his resignation to City Librarian.

His resignation was handed to Director Dodge, who will act until a successor is appointed.

The only reason assigned by Mr. Lummis for his abrupt retirement is his desire to engage in his literary work, which has been neglected for the six years he has been at the head of the public library.

In an interview last night, he made the following statement:

"Six years of public service ought to be enough for any one who doesn't have to depend upon it for a living. I would rather work for this community for nothing and in my own way. It is easy enough to get a libraryman by paying him well, but it is hard to get people to do the work of preserving the work of the public library which carries no salary."

"All these are activities in which no one will quarrel with me. There are no enemies in any of them. There is no salary for any one else to covet; nor are there any struggle with obstacles which can be overcome by knowledge and hard work."

"In this free field where I have no favors to ask of any one, I can give service to the community in more ways and for a longer time. I shall have time to go about the country, to travel, to write, to speak, to do what I please."

"I have had to abandon my writing, both literary and critical, and have none but a few articles to pay in these six years. Nor have I even been able to complete any of my books which were nearly finished when I undertook the work."

"Mr. Lummis is leaving the continent, my definitive edition of *Benevento*, my translation of the great epic history of New Mexico, by Villagrán, a monograph on the Colorado River, a portion of orange growing, mining and other industries of historic America, my Spanish folk songs of California and the Southwest, and other works, making eight all told."

"That is, I have had to give these things up or neglect what I conceived

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Tenth Page.)

(Continued on Sixth Page.)

(Continued on Ninth Page.)

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

(Continued on Third Page.)

(Continued on Second Page.)

(Continued on First Page.)

(Continued on Last Page.)

(Continued on Next Page.)

(Continued on This Page.)

(Continued on That Page.)

(Continued on Another Page.)

(

PUBLIC SERVICE—OFFICIAL DOINGS.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

Rev. E. J. Harper, City Forester, and brother of former Mayor Harper, who was recalled, was "recalled" by the Mayor yesterday.

Judge Hutton yesterday heard the testimony of Margaret Gorman and others in her suit against Evan Lewis, receiver of the Consolidated Bank of Los Angeles, and will hear from another witness before deciding the case.

Arthur Schick, being tried on the charge of embezzlement in Judge Davis's court, created a sensation yesterday by taking violent exception to a statement made by a witness against him in regard to his shortage. Judge Moss decided the contention involving the United Brothers of Friendship, a colored organization, by declaring that J. W. Stanley was elected Grand Master, at the meeting of the Grand Lodge in this city last August.

A moving-picture manipulator yesterday alleged that Patroon Gamash had hurt business by loitering in front of his theater, after the officer had assumed his arms in charge of violating the advertising ordinance. The defendant was fined \$5 by Justice Rose.

AT THE CITY HALL

CITY FORESTER OUT OF OFFICE

BROTHER OF FORMER MAYOR RESIGNS WITHOUT WARNING.

Major Declines to Discuss the Resignation Although It is Understood He Requested It After Investigation—Will Abolish Job and Put Duty in Park Department.

The City Hall was startled yesterday when it learned that Rev. E. J. Harper, City Forester, had resigned. That this is true was admitted by the Mayor late in the afternoon. He explained the sudden resignation of the brother of the Mayor who was received from his office one year ago. Rev. Mr. Harper did not bring the document to the executive chamber.

The resignation was brief, merely tendering it to take effect immediately. "It is unnecessary for me to state any reason for this action" was the final sentence.

It was written on office stationery of Horace H. Appel, who was the attorney for Arthur C. Harper during his career before and after the recall.

When asked if the resignation had been requested by him the Mayor said:

"I do not believe it is right to discuss that phase of the question. It has been presented and accepted, and no one will be named to succeed him. I will ask the Council to abolish the position because it should be in the hands of the Park Commission."

The Mayor, when pressed for an explanation, reiterated that he would give no name of successor if he could tell it place on the witness stand. It is generally understood the resignation was demanded.

Rev. Mr. Harper would not answer the telephone when it was known he was in the office for his resignation, but Mrs. Harper said he had been contemplating resigning for some time.

Rev. Mr. Harper was appointed City Forester three years ago when the office was first created. It was said then that the position represented nepotism, because the appointed was the brother of the Mayor, and the position was not given to anyone else. But the ordinance imposed duties in regulating tree planting and trimming and the protection of trees from injury by utility corporations, which, if performed, would have made the position valuable to the city. Recently former Judge Silent, now a member of the Park Commission, urged the abolishment of the position, saying that the Forester was performing no duties, and that the park department could easily attend to the issuance of permits.

The Forester received \$1500 a year, and his office expenses were about \$200 additional.

FRANCHISE CHANGES.

THIRTY-NINTH-STREET GRANT.

In a report to the Council yesterday the Board of Public Utilities practically outlines policies in granting traction franchises in the future, which it recommends for adoption. The example used is the franchise granted to Robert Marsh and John Howe for an extension of the line in West Thirty-ninth street to Western avenue. The commission finds that the terminus of the line is the west line of Western avenue. This it finds means that the company may extend its line still farther over a private right of way, and thus impairs the opening of Thirty-ninth street to the public. This should not be permitted, in the judgment of the commission, unless the tract owner is first ready to dedicate the street to a point well beyond Western, a point which is not free from such danger. If this is not done, the commission believes the terminal point should be the east side of the street.

An amendment in the section providing for the extension of the line on the expiration of the franchise suggested. The provision as it exists provides that the money must be paid over, when the value has been established by the commissioners, six months before the expiration of the franchise. The commission would enlarge this by providing that the money may be paid any time within six months after the award is filed.

City Attorney Moving.

City Attorney Hewitt might have prepared an explanation of the harbor-power bond ordinance, which shifts the dividing line of the inner and outer harbor from Dead Man's Island to Santa Barbara. He found his office being moved to the new quarters in the Merchants' Trust building. For this reason he will not have it ready until today. He expects to fully explain all the reasons why the change is desirable. It is expected to have the new quarters on the fifth floor of the building habitable by next Monday. The rooms being vacated by the legal department are to be occupied by the City Engineer and the Board of Public Utilities.

Only One "Bromo" Quinine.

That LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE Used the World over to Cure a Cold. One Day. No.

FRANK Q. CARPENTER will tell the readers of the Times the coming Sunday about what he has seen among the Ma-

lays.

MOST complete Guide Book to Southern California ever issued. Address or call Times-Mirror Printing and Publishing Co., 12 North Broadway, or at all news dealers.

AT THE COURTHOUSE.
DIFFERENT VIEW POINTS IN SUIT.

WOMAN ASKS BALM OF TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Bank Receiver Lewis Testifies He Never Laid Hands in Violence on Plaintiff, Who States He Seriously Injured Her—Carlson Tells How His Life Was Threatened.

Judge Hutton spent all day hearing the evidence in the action brought by Margaret M. Gorman against Evan Lewis, receiver of the Consolidated Bank of Los Angeles, on account of an assault alleged to have been committed upon the plaintiff. July 21 last, and then took the matter under advisement, and until an important witness can be secured.

The case is an outgrowth of the trouble arising in the settlement of the affairs of the Consolidated Bank of Los Angeles, of which W. H. Carlson was president, the plaintiff a depositor, and the defendant receiver under appointment by Judge James. The assault complained of occurred on the sixth floor of the Chamber of Commerce building, where Lewis had his office, and the original friction arose over the failure of the plaintiff in securing her bank book.

She testified that when she called upon Lewis, he refused to allow her to enter the room, and in attempting to put her on the elevator, struck and pushed her, injuring her so badly that she became unconscious and it was necessary to have her taken to the Receiving Hospital, one of her fingers being badly injured by the rough treatment.

The defendant told quite a different story. He alleged that he had all kinds of trouble with the woman, who was continually threatening him, and that he expected dividend on \$300 deposited in the Carlson bank. Just before the trouble she had been in his office and attempted to carry off all the passbooks. On the day in question, he led her quietly into his office, and when she threatened to scream and yell, lying down sat on her back and attracting much attention. In trying to get her out of the building she slipped and fell into the elevator, but Lewis vehemently denied that he had laid his hands upon her as she had accused.

W. H. Carlson testified that Margaret Gorman had threatened to kill him a number of times, and that just Monday night she had called at his home, making threats, and that he was afraid to have the police to order her from his premises. Carlson said that the woman had threatened to throw vitriol at him and members of his family, and that in a letter he had sent to him she had declared that: "If I killed you no jury would convict me."

"How much is yet due Mrs. Gorman from the bank?" asked the plaintiff's attorney.

"About \$75," replied the witness.

SECURES CUSTODY OF CHILDREN.

In Judge Hutton's court yesterday was heard the action brought by Josephine Hood against James R. Hood, for the custody of their two children, Joseph Robert and Thelma Evelyn Hood. The court not only granted her \$50 a month for their support. Hood is supposed to be in El Paso, Tex.

The Hoods were married in January, 1904, and in August, 1907, while the family was living at No. 1175 East Thirty-sixth street, they separated them, and went to Arizona with another woman. At that time but one of the children, the boy, was born, the little girl coming some months after his birth. Later, Hood wrote to some of his friends in the city, telling that he would soon return and kidnap the boy, and it was in order to prevent him doing this that the wife asked that both children might be awarded to her.

The defendant told quite a different story. He alleged that he had all kinds of trouble with the woman, who was continually threatening him, and that he expected dividend on \$300 deposited in the Carlson bank. Just before the trouble she had been in his office and attempted to carry off all the passbooks. On the day in question, he led her quietly into his office, and when she threatened to scream and yell, lying down sat on her back and attracting much attention. In trying to get her out of the building she slipped and fell into the elevator, but Lewis vehemently denied that he had laid his hands upon her as she had accused.

W. H. Carlson testified that Margaret Gorman had threatened to kill him a number of times, and that just Monday night she had called at his home, making threats, and that he was afraid to have the police to order her from his premises. Carlson said that the woman had threatened to throw vitriol at him and members of his family, and that in a letter he had sent to him she had declared that: "If I killed you no jury would convict me."

"How much is yet due Mrs. Gorman from the bank?" asked the plaintiff's attorney.

"About \$75," replied the witness.

DENIED CUSTODY OF CHILDREN.

In Judge Hutton's court yesterday was heard the action brought by Josephine Hood against James R. Hood, for the custody of their two children, Joseph Robert and Thelma Evelyn Hood. The court not only granted her \$50 a month for their support. Hood is supposed to be in El Paso, Tex.

The Hoods were married in January, 1904, and in August, 1907, while the family was living at No. 1175 East Thirty-sixth street, they separated them, and went to Arizona with another woman. At that time but one of the children, the boy, was born, the little girl coming some months after his birth. Later, Hood wrote to some of his friends in the city, telling that he would soon return and kidnap the boy, and it was in order to prevent him doing this that the wife asked that both children might be awarded to her.

The defendant told quite a different story. He alleged that he had all kinds of trouble with the woman, who was continually threatening him, and that he expected dividend on \$300 deposited in the Carlson bank. Just before the trouble she had been in his office and attempted to carry off all the passbooks. On the day in question, he led her quietly into his office, and when she threatened to scream and yell, lying down sat on her back and attracting much attention. In trying to get her out of the building she slipped and fell into the elevator, but Lewis vehemently denied that he had laid his hands upon her as she had accused.

W. H. Carlson testified that Margaret Gorman had threatened to kill him a number of times, and that just Monday night she had called at his home, making threats, and that he was afraid to have the police to order her from his premises. Carlson said that the woman had threatened to throw vitriol at him and members of his family, and that in a letter he had sent to him she had declared that: "If I killed you no jury would convict me."

"How much is yet due Mrs. Gorman from the bank?" asked the plaintiff's attorney.

"About \$75," replied the witness.

SECURES CUSTODY OF CHILDREN.

In Judge Hutton's court yesterday was heard the action brought by Josephine Hood against James R. Hood, for the custody of their two children, Joseph Robert and Thelma Evelyn Hood. The court not only granted her \$50 a month for their support. Hood is supposed to be in El Paso, Tex.

The Hoods were married in January, 1904, and in August, 1907, while the family was living at No. 1175 East Thirty-sixth street, they separated them, and went to Arizona with another woman. At that time but one of the children, the boy, was born, the little girl coming some months after his birth. Later, Hood wrote to some of his friends in the city, telling that he would soon return and kidnap the boy, and it was in order to prevent him doing this that the wife asked that both children might be awarded to her.

The defendant told quite a different story. He alleged that he had all kinds of trouble with the woman, who was continually threatening him, and that he expected dividend on \$300 deposited in the Carlson bank. Just before the trouble she had been in his office and attempted to carry off all the passbooks. On the day in question, he led her quietly into his office, and when she threatened to scream and yell, lying down sat on her back and attracting much attention. In trying to get her out of the building she slipped and fell into the elevator, but Lewis vehemently denied that he had laid his hands upon her as she had accused.

W. H. Carlson testified that Margaret Gorman had threatened to kill him a number of times, and that just Monday night she had called at his home, making threats, and that he was afraid to have the police to order her from his premises. Carlson said that the woman had threatened to throw vitriol at him and members of his family, and that in a letter he had sent to him she had declared that: "If I killed you no jury would convict me."

"How much is yet due Mrs. Gorman from the bank?" asked the plaintiff's attorney.

"About \$75," replied the witness.

DENIES SERIOUS CHARGES.

ARTHUR F. SCHICKL, on trial in Judge Davis's court before a jury on a charge of embezzlement of \$300, the property of the Newark Gran Company, created a mild sort of sensation in the courtroom yesterday morning. The occasion arose, when H. E. Woolner, vice-president of the company, testified as to the alleged shortage of Schickl.

At the close of the testimony the plaintiff went on the stand and made a long statement in regard to the evidence that had been brought out against her, alleging that it had all been manufactured.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

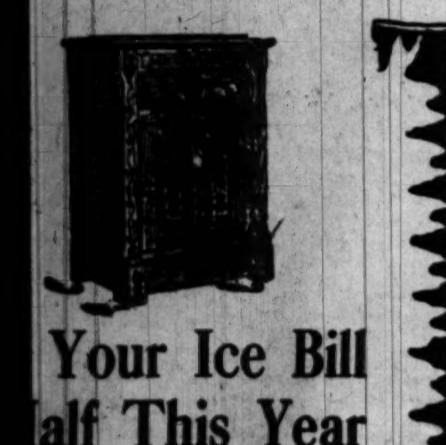
It was in the testimony that previous to the arrival of Margaret Gorman at the office of Lewis, some woman, a purchaser of three lots in the Redondo Beach tract, was consulting with Lewis and her testimony is desired as affording some linking up with the new witness. Lewis, however, the plaintiff before the struggle began in the corridor, Lewis said he did not know her, and had been unable to secure her name, but promised the court he would renew his efforts in that direction.

LADELPHIA
ICE CREAMMade by
J. CHRISTOPHER CO.daylight factory. Celebrated for
quality, delightful flavor. It has
est of 25 years.

ake Every Kind Wanted

of fancy moulds—to suit all occasions. For
week we make a

al Ice Cream Brick

includes one of the high-priced creams, and sell
rt brick—if called for—\$8 a brick, if packed
ored. For this week we offerTutti Frutti Ice Cream
Chocolate Ice Cream
Pineapple Water Iceyou find a dessert like that, enough for seven
OLD AT ALL THREE STORES
ing
uth Broadway—near SixthYour Ice Bill
half This Yeara Reliable Refrigerator. You can
ers are doing it. Such well-known
e Reliable and Herrick are unques-
most economical ice savers madeshowing for 1910 is the most com-
rity. Doses of different styles and
el and plain interior linings.

\$50 Down to \$9.75

ES: F-2972 : MAIN-2072

KINNEY
SMITH
ROADWAY (OPPOSITE BULLOCKS) AT SEVENTHALL BOOKSELLERS THIS
DAY.ide Atherton's
NEW NOVELOWER
IVORYPublished this day in
cloth, at \$1.50, by

MILLAN COMPANY

75% Reduction--No Duty

G. Government label
the quality. A few
cts. to 25c.
arge, very mild
fects (large)
dres No. 2, boxby the single box,
twenty. We prepay
ny traveling sales-MANILA
nd 26 for 10c.
outh Spring St. and
outh Spring St.Uncle Joe Smokes
Why not more?He is general manager of the Section
Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

He will give his decision next Saturday.

ANOTHER OPTIMIST.

R. Githrey is another optimist.

He is general manager of the Section

Oil Company, the Yellowstone Oil

IMPLICATIONS.

LAWYER HINTS CROOKED WORK

Alleges Client Suffers for Another Person.

Accused Bond Agent Loses an Important Receipt.

Witness Says He Opened Desk to Find Coupons.

its implications in his questions during the preliminary examination of H. T. Campbell, former bond agent of the Merchants' Bank and Trust Company, on a charge of felony embezzlement yesterday, E. J. Fleming, attorney for the defendant, indicated that he will prove in the Superior Court that a cloud has been cast on his client's cover the crooked work of some one else.

Time and again he sought to draw from the witness for the prosecution that instruments, which would be the means of clearing Campbell, had been either destroyed or secreted so that the defense could not be able to produce them in court.

The hearing, which was held before Justice Ling, was intricate and tedious because of the number of details which had to be thrashed out regarding Campbell's connection with the banking institution. The examination on the first of three charges, which are pending, was not completed and will be resumed today.

The bond man is alleged to have sold one Figueroa-street improvement bond three times and to have misappropriated the proceeds from such sales.

The complainant alleges that he first sold it to the late S. P. Jenkins and caused it to be left with him for resale. Next it is said to have been sold for \$100 to Cashier Emanuel Cohen, who acted for the bank, and to have been again given back to Campbell to sell. The third sale is said to have been made to Mrs. Ellen G. Forbes, who also deposited it with him to be turned over to a profit.

Cohen testified to the employment of Campbell to the bank, and that he had an office in the bank for a time and later removed to an upper floor of the same building. He said that Campbell kept all bonds locked in a steel box in the vault, and that no one else had access to them.

In June, James C. Cook made an investigation of the bond and upon a resolution of the directors of the bank concern, and six weeks later took from him the custody of the bonds then in the possession of the bank, declining the offer that the street boy was not among them at that time and also stated that it was sold by Campbell subsequent to that date.

Cook was given a written examination. After repeated questions and arguments, an admission that he and another officer of the bank had forced Campbell's desk, December 15, was drawn from him. The attorney sought to get him to admit that he had also taken the safe key, which he had previously given Campbell for the bond upon which the action is based.

The cashier denied that he had ever given a receipt for the bond, and that he took no receipts for any kind from him. It is said that they had been sought for coupons then destroyed, and that they found most of them. He also said that there were some bonds found there and that they took a large bundle of checks, stubs and other papers.

When Cook was called to corroborate Cohen's statements in minor details, the evidence showed that Campbell had access to thousands of dollars' worth of bonds, and that no records of bonds, which had been turned over to him, had ever been made, with the exception of duplicates of receipts which were given persons who left them.

It was plain from the attitude of the defending attorney that he intends to prove that Campbell had his hands on the bank before the date on which he is alleged to have embezzled from it, and that he will assert that his client did not have the custody of the bond when it was sold.

DOCTORS ADVOCATE MUZZLES.

Keep the Dogs from Biting, They Say, and Prevent Epidemic of Rabies.

"During the last ten years there have been two serious epidemics of rabies in and around Los Angeles," said Dr. S. P. Black, last evening, after a meeting of the Los Angeles County Medical Association.

"Two human deaths from rabies have resulted from these epidemics, one in 1899, and one but a few days ago," he continued. "In the first epidemic, at Pasadena, the dogs were muzzled and the epidemic died out within a few months."

"Since 1899, the only case that has come under my notice occurred in 1904, when a dog at the Soldiers' Home bit a man and eight horses. A few days later I visited the Soldiers' Home and found two of the eight horses were suffering from rabies. The man was bitten on the chest and had to be killed. The man who was treated, recovered."

"The only way to stamp out the rabies is to muzzle all dogs. There is an idea abroad among some people that this should not be done, as it is cruel. This is a mistake. It is not cruel, and a dog properly muzzled suffers no inconvenience at all."

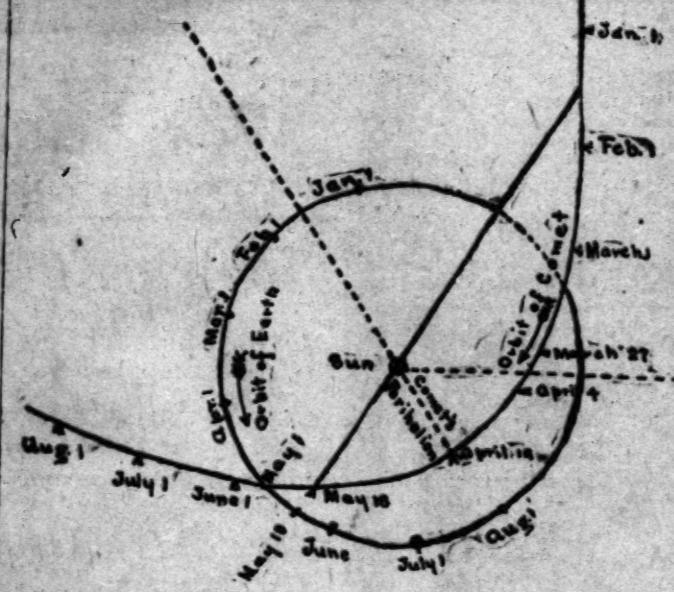
"Four months ago a case of rabies was discovered in Pasadena. Soon after it had been noticed, it became evident that the number of one or two a day. A muzzling ordinance was passed and during the last six weeks there has not been a single case reported."

"A good dog," said Dr. Powers, City Health Officer, "will not bite a man a muscle for a few months for its own good, if not for the good of mankind. But even if dogs are muzzled and still allowed to roam about the streets of the city, there is a big risk. The only proper way to do is to require the owners of the dogs to keep them in their yards."

Not only was the danger of rabies from dogs, taken up at the meeting, but also that of contracting it from cats. According to many present, the danger from cats is far greater than from dogs."

FRANK G. CARPENTER will tell the readers of The Times Magazine the coming Sunday what about he has seen among the scenes of an interesting article written for The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

FOR good service see The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.



Relative Positions of Halley's Comet and the Earth in their respective orbits from January to August, inclusive.

CARNEGIE AND COMET.

(Continued From First Page.)

Halley's comet is 6h. 36m.; the right ascension of the sun is 22h. 46m. This places the comet 27 degrees east of the sun. Its declination is plus 7 degrees, or 1 degree north of the sun. The distance of the comet from the sun on the same date will be 1.17 astronomical units—169,000,000 miles. Its distance from the earth will be 1.82 astronomical units—176,000,000 miles. The comet is moving almost due west, at the rate of 12m. per day.

The photograph of Halley's comet was taken in December, when the comet was moving directly toward both the earth and the sun, and they saw no tail. Assuming, if such an assumption were true, that the comet would be streaming away in the opposite direction, and consequently would not be visible from the earth.

The photograph of comet 1910 is a remarkably good representation of a peculiar object, which so suddenly projected itself into view in the latter part of January, and as suddenly flew off again into the unknown regions of space.

SOME DISTANCE.

For a few days before Halley's comet reached conjunction with the earth and transits the sun, its velocity will be accelerated by the earth's attraction, and for a few days thereafter it will be retarded by the same cause. On that date—May 15—it's distance from the earth will be only 14,000,000 miles, while its distance from the sun will be 78,000,000 miles. That near approach to the earth will bring about a strong perturbation in the comet's orbit, deflecting it perceptibly toward the earth as it flies by at the rate of about two-and-a-half a second.

But nothing can prevent the great comet from hastening outward into distant space and pursuing its long-chested and predetermined journey, past the earth and its wondering inhabitants past the planets and their mythical canals; past the sparkling belt of asteroids; past mighty Jupiter and its eight satellites; past golden Saturn and its mysterious rings; past Uranus enveloped in its thick mantle of vapor, and finally past the outer known planet, Neptune, beyond whose vast orbit the comet will still travel for a distance of 300,000,000 miles.

There, 2,160,000,000 miles from the sun, which will be reduced to the dimensions of a bright star, in the year 1944, the comet will swing into a round elliptical orbit at the rate of less than three miles a second; and then, with ever-accelerating velocity, will again resume its journey to the sun, where it will arrive two generations hence, in the year 1979, to the universal interest of the automobile stage for Borefield. When released an hour later he was unable to give a description of the men. Aroused by the explosion, Heck rushed from his house in the rear of the store, pistol in hand, and fired several shots at the men. Returning the fire as they retreated, the burglars fled. Sheriff Associated Oil Company's bunks house.

INTERESTED OBSERVER.

In a little village of Central New York there is now living a half old man of 80 years. Gifted by nature with patience, perseverance, and clear eyesight, he devoted his life to the work of exploring the starry heavens and he is credited with the discovery of many comets and hundreds of nebulae. This grand old man, Dr. Louis Swift, formerly director of the Lowell Observatory, has been awarded with an annual stipend for the re-appearance of Halley's comet. He well remembers how, when an intelligent lad of 16, he gazed upon and was fascinated by that strange heavenly body.

He is a native of a country which comes within the range of our telescopes is always a feature of great interest to astronomers and physicists. When Halley's comet was here in 1835, he was the first to note its approach and to make a prediction of its return. The new depot will stand back on the railroad reservation, probably extending out to I street.

JASTRO GOING TO EUROPE.

H. A. Jastro, chairman of the Kern County Board of Supervisors and manager of the Kern County Land Company, will sail probably within the next few weeks for a two-month tour of Europe. It is the present expectation that bids for the construction of the new courthouse will be opened at the June session of the supervisors, and Mr. Jastro plans to be home by that time.

DECARED INCOMPETENT.

With the decision of Judge Dunne of San Francisco, declaring him incompetent and placing his property in the hands of his brother, Herman Elshach, the hopes of Bakersfield's new seven-story, state-of-the-art hotel have gone dimmer. Elshach, however, secured an option on a quarter-block at the corner of I and Twenty-first streets and announced that he would at once begin the erection of a hotel. He went to the site of deposit on the site and saw Architects Jefferson & Griffith to prepare preliminary plans.

TO BUILD NEW DEPOT.

The Southern Pacific Railroad Company is planning to move and enlarge its present depot in East Bakersfield, or to build a new one. The present depot is old and the traffic has outgrown it, and in addition it is desired to lay one more track through the site. The new depot will stand back on the railroad reservation, probably extending out to I street.

THE PRICE OF RABIES.

H. A. Jastro, chairman of the Kern County Board of Supervisors and manager of the Kern County Land Company, will sail probably within the next few weeks for a two-month tour of Europe. It is the present expectation that bids for the construction of the new courthouse will be opened at the June session of the supervisors, and Mr. Jastro plans to be home by that time.

BUILDING NATATORIUM.

Excavations are complete and the construction work will start at once on a \$15,000 natatorium which Joseph Vassilakos and sons are building on East Nineteenth street. The swimming tank will be 40x60 feet, and 150 dressing-rooms and a half-dressed hot baths will be provided. Turkish baths may be added next fall.

BUYERS HOLD BANQUET.

Association of Department Store Men Have Enjoyable Affair and Hold Election of Officers.

The second annual banquet of the Arthur Letts Buyers' Association was held last evening at Levy's Cafe. The association is an organization of all the buyers in the Broadway Department Store, and was formed two years ago. Mr. Letts was unable to be present at last night's banquet. Short after-dinner talk was given by R. L. Darrow, T. S. Millburn, W. H. Kilner, H. N. Middleton, H. S. Carroll and Harry Philip.

The following officers were elected to serve throughout the coming year: W. H. Peavy, president; H. L. Brooker, first vice-president; C. J. Short, second vice-president; C. E. Viant, secretary and treasurer.

The present were: A. E. Amos, A. J. Adams, J. Bernardett, E. G. Boyle, H. L. Brooker, W. H. Brooks, H. S. Carroll, R. L. Darrow, F. S. Dibberger, D. L. Griffin, W. H. Kilner, E. W. Kline, R. R. M. Lachalek, T. S. Middleton, E. W. Metcalf, T. S. Millington, M. E. Nor-

In Imperative Need of Money

To any man who knows the past successful history and high character of the Siegel store—it must be obvious that such a statement as is made in the headline of this announcement has not been made without reluctance and without due consideration for what it means.

The fact is that this store is in a tight fix and our only salvation is to

Raise \$15,000 in 30 Days

This is a big undertaking and the only way we can hope to win out is to face the issue squarely—and give you the facts as they are. To raise this money

The Whole Siegel Stock of Men's Hats and Furnishings

is now offered at such prices as have never before been quoted for such merchandise in Los Angeles.

Every statement in this announcement is made with absolute sincerity—do not mistake our dilemma for any clever dodge to stimulate business. Our business is good now—but it must be accelerated to the extent of \$15,000.00 within 30 days—or bust.

This is a great opportunity for every man—but refer to the prices—they tell the story.

Remember—the whole stock is sacrificed (contract goods excepted)—the prices quoted are merely "examples."

SIEGEL'S

Correct Hats and Haberdashery
349 So. Spring St. Opposite H. W. Hellman Building

DEATH AFTER DOG BITE

(Continued From First Page.)

ing bitten McAllister and the surgeons never learned the cause of the animal's death. A short time later the man was stricken in much the same manner as the dog. Several consultants were held with the idea that McAllister was suffering from rabies. McAllister became steadily worse until he was rushed into the hospital and operated upon. He did not recover from the operation. A certificate showing death due to appendicitis was signed in the case, but the attending surgeons do not seem very sure that appendicitis was really the cause.

"Inflammation and pus was found in the man's abdomen and there were other symptoms of appendicitis," said Dr. Roath, last night. "I knew that McAllister had been bitten by a diseased dog and made a careful investigation on the theory that rabies had developed. However, I do not believe that rabies could have caused the man's death. The appearances denoted appendicitis more than anything else."

A report at police headquarters, however, placed the man's death as the result of a drug bite.

Six other victims were bitten by dogs yesterday. Frederick Prentiss, a 15-year-old schoolboy, was bitten in the calf of the leg while passing a house at No. 1511 Bridge Street. Young Prentiss was riding a bicycle when he ran into a dog and struck it. He and struck his teeth into the calf of the leg. The injured boy was treated at the Receiving Hospital. He stated that he had frequently petted the dog but that the animal seemed particularly enraged at the time of the attack.

The police report follows:

Following victim: Mrs. C. Siebold, No. 226 Crocker street; Leslie Scott, Eighth and Mateo streets; H. Cole, No. 1023 Beacon street; Joseph Koerner, No. 156 Mariposa street; and George Dale, No. 161 East Sixteenth street.

CHIEF POLICE OFFICER.

Chief of Police G. C. Siebold yesterday received a telegram from Chief Martin of San Francisco stating that Ernest Keithley, wanted in this city on a grand larceny charge, is under arrest in the metropolis. Chief Martin was instructed to bring him to San Francisco.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the Receiving Hospital and was placed in a police cell.

Keithley was taken to the

TURDAY MORNING.

eNeed

DEMONSTRATION. OTOR SPEED FOR TROLLEYS.

to Be Changed by Public Utilities Board.

to Move Faster in the Downtown Section.

odometer Used in Making Practical Test.

successful history and high it must be obvious that such headline of this announcement stance and without due con-

sideration in a tight fix and our only

in 30 Days

only way we can hope to win and give you the facts as they

angel Stock of Furnishings

never before been quoted for

ment is made with absolute ma for any clever dodge to good now—but it must be 100 within 30 days—or bust. every man—but refer to the

sacrificed (contract goods ex-

ample "examples."

EL'S
aberdashery
St. Opposite H. W. Hell-
man Building

**ECZEMA ALL OVER
CHILD'S BODY**

All Red and Blistery—Itched So She Could Not Sleep and Scratched Till She Bleed—Many Treatments Failed—*Cake of Cuticura Soap and Salve*

HALF A BOX OF CUTICURA CURED HER PERFECTLY

"My little girl had eczema and was cured by Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. It first started with some redness and was all over her body. She was itched so bad and would scratch until it would bleed. I used different medicines but without effect. I washed her with Cuticura Soap and then applied Cuticura Ointment, which resulted in a perfect cure. I used a cake of Cuticura Soap and half a box of Cuticura Ointment. My face was covered with pimples. My face was covered with pimples and now it is absolutely free from them since I used Cuticura Soap. So I am now without Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Extensis Barbe, Plauchéville, Ayerelle Parish, La., Oct. 5, '09."

UNIQUE.
DD CHARGE OF INCENDIARISM.
DEFENDANT SAID TO HAVE USED MAGNIFYING GLASS.

Wealthy Rancher of San Diego County Under Serious Accusation in the Federal Court—He Asserts That There is no Foundation for the Unusual Allegation.

One of the strangest cases of alleged incendiaryism ever reported to the Federal authorities is that which involves Henry Clay, a wealthy rancher of San Juan, San Diego county. He is charged with setting fires in the Cleveland and Forest Reserve in order to clear away grazing lands for his stock. Instead of resorting to the usual methods of starting a fire, Clay is said to have used a crude device whereby a magnifying glass concentrated the rays upon a bunch of matches until the surrounding leaves and twigs caught fire.

Forest Supervisor Marshall of San Diego asserts he has strong evidence that Clay set a number of these fires in the Cleveland Reserve, after carefully watching the inevitable blazing of the matches. Marshall declares that the defendant would ride up, lay his trap, and thus be able to prove an alibi when the fire gained headway and swept through the inflammable underbrush.

Forest rangers reported numerous attempts at arson. Many were extinguished before much damage was done, but one fire in October last burned over several hundred acres.

Clay was arrested and indicted by the Federal grand jury on charges of incendiaryism. He has been tried and convicted by the Federal grand jury.

Joseph Brock, convicted of petty larceny, was sentenced on January 26 to 120 days in jail. He started to serve this sentence at trusty. Some days ago a visiting attorney was permitted to enter the jail and Brock, a little later, showed symptoms of the malady. He was permitted to mix freely with the prisoners until January 29, 1910.

He was next sent to the County Hospital, but with a disease known to be contagious, and often fatal to adults, he was put in an isolated cell and has lived there ever since.

The rangers are trying to keep as far as possible from the cell infection. They cannot get out because the law keeps them in.

As one of the exhibits at the trial will be a box filled with leaves and dry twigs, a burning glass affixed to a twisted bit of wire stands in the little mass of inflammable material. A bunch of matches lies beneath the glass. This queer machine was brought to demonstrate to the jury that the defendant had the idea of causing any fire even thought of causing any fire.

Joseph Brock, convicted of petty larceny, was sentenced on January 26 to 120 days in jail. He started to serve this sentence at trusty. Some days ago a visiting attorney was permitted to enter the jail and Brock, a little later, showed symptoms of the malady. He was permitted to mix freely with the prisoners until January 29, 1910.

He was next sent to the County Hospital, but with a disease known to be contagious, and often fatal to adults, he was put in an isolated cell and has lived there ever since.

The rangers are trying to keep as far as possible from the cell infection. They cannot get out because the law keeps them in.

R. D. Bronson Desk Co.

We are continually securing additions to our line of high-grade desks and furniture. Address R. D. Bronson Desk Co., 221-225 West 7th St.

BETTER SHOES FOR LESS MONEY

Hollander & Funke

The Family Shoe Store.

428 South Broadway

Bullock's Browsing at Seven.

New Wash Dresses for Little Folks and Inauguration

witnesses will appear who will testify that Clay often said the land should be used for grazing purposes. He has a large stock ranch and naturally wants plenty of pasture.

Usually the convicted defendants in arson cases are fined in the United States Court, unless there are circumstances where a longer term of imprisonment is demanded. The maximum punishment is two years' imprisonment and \$1000 fine.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Edward A. Heinzenman, a druggist, son of one of the pioneer pharmacists of Los Angeles, filed a bankruptcy petition in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in the United States District Court. He states he owes Arnold \$571. Leiva's other debts are trifling. He has no assets.

Frank Leiva, a member of the fire department, who had dealings with George Arnold, the loan broker, and a prominent bankruptcy petitioner in

Los Angeles County—Correspondence from Its Cities and Towns.

NEWS REPORTS FROM CORRESPONDENTS OF THE TIMES.

PASADENA.

MILLIONAIRE BADLY HURT.

Automobile Top Falls Upon Chicago Visitor.

Tennis Stars Will Be Seen in Tournament.

Shakespeare Club Will Look Into Plumbing.

Office of The Times, No. 28, Raymond Ave.

PASADENA. March 5.—Montgomery Ward of Chicago was badly injured yesterday morning in his winter home on Orange Grove avenue by falling automobile top. He was visiting his wife and daughter to get in their machine when the top fell and struck the aged millionaire knocking him to the granitoid pavement. In falling Mr. Ward struck on the point of his left shoulder. He was quickly taken into his house and his physician called. A careful examination showed the shoulder bone badly injured and the muscles lacerated. An X-ray examination has not been made yet, so that the full extent of the injury is not known, but it is doubtful if he will ever fully recover. Every effort possible is made to keep the news from the public, which has been given out that Mr. Ward is a patient in a hospital.

Accompanied by his wife and daughter, he came to Pasadena in December to spend the winter. They took a home on South Orange Grove avenue in preference to living in a hotel.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

Arrangements have been completed for a spring tennis tournament on the Carmelita courts, the week beginning the 21st inst. Admission will be free. Among the players will be Misses May and Florence Sutton, Mae and Linda Thompson, Sinaloa, Miss, Hazel Hotchkiss and other tennis stars.

HEALTH ENDANGERED.

The Shakespeare Club has started an investigation into the plumbing in the High School. If it is found to be unsanitary and dangerous to the health of the students, as is alleged, the matter will be taken before the City Council and a demand made for immediate action. Some time ago it was found that the plumbing was in violation of the city ordinance because it is of the latrine type. The inspector ordered modern plumbing put in but on account of the expense the Council could do nothing.

AMERICANS GO AHEAD.

Members of the African Methodist Church congregation, in whose building at the corner of Kensington street and Vernon avenue an infernal machine was found Thursday morning, stated yesterday that they will place the matter in the hands of the District Attorney and demand that justice will not get justice in the local courts.

They allege they know who attempted to blow up the building. William Fife, one of the trustees of the congregation and chief spokesman, said that regardless of the many threatening letters and of the attempts to destroy the building, the original plans for erecting a \$7000 church will be carried out.

MAYOR EARLEY RECEIVED ANONYMOUS LETTER.

Major Earley recently received an anonymous letter to the effect that the colored population invited on building the church at Kensington and Vernon districts would be forced to leave. The Mayor stated that he has no idea who wrote the letter and for that reason he can do nothing with it.

When the same congregation had its church destroyed by fire a short while ago the people raised a bonus of \$300 to get the colored church out of the neighborhood. The white residents on Kensington are using this church in their efforts to prevent the establishment of a church at the corner of Vernon avenue.

WILL SE SEPARATE.

President Scherer of Throop Institute announced yesterday morning that, beginning next fall, the academic and collegiate departments will be separate. The building now being used by both will be devoted to the former and Prof. Durrell will be in charge. President Scherer and other officials will have offices in the college building now being completed on California drive. It is also announced that a new dormitory will be built on Chestnut street, opposite the present college buildings, which will be used by the boys attending the academic department.

Dr. George E. Hale, director of the Carnegie Solar Observatory, delivered an interesting lecture at Throop last night on the subject "Observations in the Atmosphere." He outlined, with the assistance of lantern slides, the great work now being carried on at the big observatory on Mt. Wilson.

TEA AND RECEPTION.

One of the delightful affairs of yesterday was the informal afternoon tea given by Mrs. H. Page Warden at her home on South Grand avenue in honor of Mrs. Edgar Bright of New Orleans, who, accompanied by her husband and daughter, is spending the winter at the Maryland.

A silver teapot was given yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Albert Hatchett to the ladies of the Baptist Church. She was assisted in receiving by her house guest, Mrs. L. V. Barrett of Virginia; Mrs. Charles Lawrence, sister of the hostess, and Mrs. W. H. Bassett, who is a widow. Several hundred guests called.

Mrs. Guy Stanley Elkins entertained the Opportunity Club at her home on Michigan avenue yesterday afternoon.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

SIERRA MADRE. March 4.—Preparations are being made by a number of society women to give a masquerade ball the night of April 1.

The City Council has passed a law to abolish the storing of cars and other vehicles with fertilizing material in the residential district. The Board of Health, however, has made no action on this. Other cities have passed laws forcing the unloading of such material of this nature out of the city limits.

The Board of Trade has established a bureau of information in the office of Secretary Patterson on Baldwin boulevard.

R. E. Anderson and two daughters, Tacoma, Maryland—Mrs. George A. Damon, George A. Damon, Jr., Miss Hannah Damon and Miss Bulah Damon, New York; D. W. Sutton, Miss Sutton and Mrs. S. Coleman, St. Louis.

Whist prizes at Grace Nicholson's. See Phelps for fine wall paper. Hotel Vista del Arroyo, New annex. Bungalow, Unexceptionable environment. Pasadena.

Wigwam will pay express on Navajo or oriental rugs bought by tourists. St. Euclid.

Artists' materials at Wadsworth's. Hotel Mira-Monte. Centrally located. Pasadena.

SANTA MONICA.

GREAT PROJECT IS ASSURED.

SO SAY PROMOTERS OF HARBOR IMPROVEMENT SCHEME.

Within a Few Weeks They Assert Start Will Be Made on the Million-Dollar Enterprise—Contest Averted Over Public Read at Foot of the Bluff.

SANTA MONICA, March 4.—T. J. Hampton and W. H. Bainbridge, who are promoting the Santa Monica Harbor Improvement Company, say that it is positively certain that the project will be carried to a successful conclusion. Within a few weeks they expect the first stone will be taken toward the expenditure of \$1,000,000 in building the breakwater, bulkhead and other improvements included in the project. Within a few days the required roll of local stockholders will have been secured. They already number more than 225, and the demand of the bond buying syndicate is for only 300. All of the stock then remaining unsold is contracted to be purchased by the Joseph Ball Copper Company. The sale of stock will further fund the project, which will take forty acres of ocean frontage—more than 5000 feet—and upon this bonds are to be issued to the sum of \$600,000. This money, the projectors of the improvement state, will be available as needed to pay on building contracts, to secure the title to the property, to lease the construction.

The public road along the beach at the foot of the bluff, over which the city is on the eve of bringing suit to quiet title, will be dedicated by the company as a boulevard. This will obviate the trouble and expense of the suit that has been ordered brought against J. P. Jones.

NEXT BOULEVARD.

The next move in connection with the opening and widening of Fremont avenue from the beach to the city limits on the east cannot be made until days after March 11. That is the time during which protests may be filed against the report of the commissioners who assessed the benefits and damages arising out of the proposed scheme. After this, perhaps, a serious protest. This matter being settled, the street will be widened and then proceedings will be started for paving the thoroughfare from end to end. This is the main cause of the trouble and expense of the suit that has been ordered brought against J. P. Jones.

CONVENTION CLOSES.

The county Sunday-school convention closed this evening with an address by Dr. Ervin S. Chapman on "Two Monosyllables." Officers elected are: President, C. H. Ainsley of Monrovia; vice-president, John R. King; secretary, Hugh C. Gibson, Los Angeles; treasurer, W. J. Tamm; superintendent, Raymond McClary; teacher training superintendent, R. R. Shepherd of Los Angeles; home department, Mrs. G. H. Miller, Long Beach; temperance superintendent, John Tamm; educational elementary department, Miss Harrington Huggins, Los Angeles.

CORONER INVESTIGATES.

Coroner Hartwell investigated today a case of A. Braun, the Salinas man whose body was found floating in the water near the beach at the mouth of the San Gabriel river.

No one has reported any missing man and therefore it has been impossible to locate his rooming-house. A post mortem today showed that Braun came to his death by drowning, his lungs and chest cavity being full of water.

Efforts are being made by attorneys for Charles Berger, the man who attempted to kill Officer Austin in the garage, to have the case changed from deadly assault to a simple misdemeanor. The District Attorney has refused to consider it and the Chief of Police and Austin are not inclined to leniency. The trial is set for March 14. Berger is out on bail.

Mrs. Emily Busher died last night at the home of her son on Dawson avenue. She was a native of Lexington and was 75 years of age. She leaves two sons.

TIMES COOK BOOK.

The proposed organization is that of the advancement of the general interests of the entire bay section, each body maintaining its individual character for purposes of exchange with local issues. The committee of twelve is called to assemble at the City Hall Tuesday evening.

UP-COAST ACTIVITY.

According to present up-coast activity, the first effort to extract oil from beneath the surface of the land in the vicinity of the Malibu hills will be made on the Decker Ranch. Efforts are now being made to raise a sufficient well to sink an experimental well, but it is expected to be made until the fund is of sufficient size to send the hole to a considerable depth, if necessary.

The idea of sinking a well on the J. U. Henry ranch has not been abandoned.

At the election of officers last night John A. Morton was chosen to serve the local lodge of Elks as Exalted Ruler during the ensuing year.

A sum of \$500 in cash treasury it was decided to use this sum in reducing the debt which stands against the clubhouse.

On Utah avenue, baseball diamond, High School and Los Angeles High Schools will play. The game Sunday afternoon will be between the Santa Monica Pompanos and the San Pedro Nine.

The street-paving crew for the Pacific Electric Company worked hard night running the piling of Second street along the tracks.

PLAYA DEL REY.

SAN PEDRO, March 4.—Coroner Hartwell held an inquest this morning on the remains of W. O. Smith, a local merchant, who was found dead in his home at the corner of Tenth and Main streets, late yesterday afternoon, with a bullet hole through his head.

The finishing touches cannot be added to today a number were laid off but today a number were laid off.

The finishing touches cannot be added until the arrival of a steam schooner with 50,000 barrels of timber.

It was decided to use this sum in reducing the debt which stands against the clubhouse.

They made a brave fight, didn't I?" asked Krudop, weakly, as he squeezed the bluecoat's hand.

"Yes, you did," said Harris. "You are the bravest man ever saw."

"I call you here," continued Krudop, "in order to tell you that I have left you \$1000 for your bravery."

Krudop died a few minutes later.

RETribution AT LAST.

Aged Man, After Fourteen Years, Identifies Burglar Who Tortured Him and His Wife.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)

PITTSBURGH, March 4.—This is the man that bound me and my wife and burned our feet until we told where we hid our money," said John Wagner, 58 years old, who picked up \$2000 out of a line of eight men at the Etta Police Station.

Wagner, "but I shall never forget his face."

Donahue was sent to jail to await trial for burglary. Two complices are serving terms in State's prison for the crime, but Donahue fled and was captured upon his return to his old home.

As the prisoner was being led away the aged man wept and said: "I have prayed that the guilty one would be captured because those men were responsible for my wife's death."

Max Markowitz, who, up to two years ago, was in business in New York, under arrest at Joliet, Ill., on a charge of forgery, two years ago, was recently discharged, owing \$10,000 to his creditors.

With his wife, he went to London, where he sent her to her home in Hungary. He then returned to this side of the Atlantic. His wife, not hearing from him, followed him.

ARTISTIC PICTURES FOR "TIMES" READERS.

Photogravure, the ideal process for the reproduction of works of art, has for years been used to make pictures for the "Times." But the method were beyond the reach of persons of moderate means.

Advances in the process and the perfection of new machinery have made it possible to make high-class pictures in such quantities and at such low cost that the gradual uplift of popular taste.

When it became possible to make a perfect photograph and extend it to a newspaper, such works of art as were given to the "Times" were offered to The Times readers at a nominal price, paying the paper 10 cents in cash.

Now, Sunday's paper and 10 cents in cash will be good for the first of The Times' pictures.

This picture, which measures 10x12 inches, is the most human picture of the age.

Composers of the picture are being paid.

The Board of Trade has established a bureau of information in the office of Secretary Patterson on Baldwin boulevard.

LONG BEACH.

EIGHT ACRES COMPOSE SITE.

EDISON CORPORATION'S LAND IS ADMIRABLY SITUATED.

Power Generated at Seashore Will Be Carried All Over Southern California—Well-Known Doctor at Death's Door—Sunday-School Convention Closes.

SANTA MONICA.

GREAT PROJECT IS ASSURED.

SO SAY PROMOTERS OF HARBOR IMPROVEMENT SCHEME.

Within a Few Weeks They Assert Start Will Be Made on the Million-Dollar Enterprise—Contest Averted Over Public Read at Foot of the Bluff.

SANTA MONICA.

GREAT PROJECT IS ASSURED.

SO SAY PROMOTERS OF HARBOR IMPROVEMENT SCHEME.

Within a Few Weeks They Assert Start Will Be Made on the Million-Dollar Enterprise—Contest Averted Over Public Read at Foot of the Bluff.

SANTA MONICA.

GREAT PROJECT IS ASSURED.

SO SAY PROMOTERS OF HARBOR IMPROVEMENT SCHEME.

Within a Few Weeks They Assert Start Will Be Made on the Million-Dollar Enterprise—Contest Averted Over Public Read at Foot of the Bluff.

SANTA MONICA.

GREAT PROJECT IS ASSURED.

SO SAY PROMOTERS OF HARBOR IMPROVEMENT SCHEME.

Within a Few Weeks They Assert Start Will Be Made on the Million-Dollar Enterprise—Contest Averted Over Public Read at Foot of the Bluff.

SANTA MONICA.

GREAT PROJECT IS ASSURED.

SO SAY PROMOTERS OF HARBOR IMPROVEMENT SCHEME.

Within a Few Weeks They Assert Start Will Be Made on the Million-Dollar Enterprise—Contest Averted Over Public Read at Foot of the Bluff.

SANTA MONICA.

GREAT PROJECT IS ASSURED.

SO SAY PROMOTERS OF HARBOR IMPROVEMENT SCHEME.

Within a Few Weeks They Assert Start Will Be Made on the Million-Dollar Enterprise—Contest Averted Over Public Read at Foot of the Bluff.

SANTA MONICA.

GREAT PROJECT IS ASSURED.

SO SAY PROMOTERS OF HARBOR IMPROVEMENT SCHEME.

Within a Few Weeks They Assert Start Will Be Made on the Million-Dollar Enterprise—Contest Averted Over Public Read at Foot of the Bluff.

BIG WELCOME FOR VISITORS.

Entertainments Planned for Los Angeles Guests.

Arizona Cities Have Many Things to Display.

Colonization Scheme for Salt River Valley.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.

PHOENIX (Ariz.) March 3.—The visitors who came on the Los Angeles tour of commerce excursion will be shown a real Arizona welcome wherever they stop. Regret has already been expressed in a number of places that the itinerary will not permit of more than a few hours at some of the most important points in the Territory. For instance, only half a day at Tucson and a little over two hours at Bisbee, with an evening at Douglas is a schedule that will permit of little more than a passing glance at those very important cities yet possibly enough to demonstrate their high civic character and the intelligence of their population.

Globe hopes to entertain the visitors for a day and would like to provide automobiles to take a score of them down to see the Roosevelt Dam, which is only about forty miles distant. A whole day and an evening have been allotted to Phoenix, which will largely be spent in automobiles. It will be a combination of entertainment provided by the Board of Trade and Arizona Club. Immense and average resident of Phoenix spends much of the summer time in Los Angeles, it is probable that the Los Angeles men who come will find a sufficient score to give them special attention.

About half a day will be spent at Prescott and a day at Grand Canyon, from which the way will be homeward, with short stops at Kingman and Needles.

VISITING GOVERNOR.

At the Capitol building Tuesday a reception was tendered by Gov. Sloan to Gov. Marshall of Indiana. Hundreds of the city's residents journeying out to do honor to the visiting executive. Gov. Marshall and wife have been visiting for several days at Scottsdale in the home of W. H. Kinsey, Mrs. Marshall's father. He states his belief that the prospects for Democratic success in Indiana are bright and he has no doubt of the election of a Democratic candidate which will choose successor to Senator Beveridge. He expresses the idea that it was the very strength of the Democratic platform that proved its greatest strength in the last national election, in that too many reforms were offered in a lump for the people to properly assimilate.

He believes that it would have been far better to nominate a candidate for each state. Thursday evening he will be tendered a reception by the Democrats of Maricopa county, the affair beginning in dollar dinner in the Pythian Hall. He is due for home Friday night spending Saturday in Prescott at the guest of J. P. Dillon, Territorial Democratic chairman.

COLONIZATION PLANS.

An extremely important land development enterprise is that planned by A. J. Chandler, manager of the Bowen & Ferry interests in the Salt River valley. The company had sold its great Consolidated Irrigation Service or Reclamation Service, but still owns about 20,000 acres of land lying southwest of Mesa, land valued at \$100 or more an acre, much of it in alfalfa. This great tract is to be cut up into smaller plots for sale, some larger in size, and is to be colonized with settlers brought from the East. The full plans for development include an auxiliary pumping plant and irrigation system, and an electric railway that will traverse the entire district below Mesa, at which point it will connect with the tracks of the Southern Pacific Company. It is expected that the new town will be built in the system planned in conjunction with the Bartlett-Heard Land and Cattle Company, starting in Phoenix, passing across Salt River by the projected Overland bridge and running eastward through Tempe, Mesa, Kenneth W. Shibley, for five years assistant engineer of the Reclamation Service, has resigned to take the position of chief engineer of Dr. Chandler's plan for many years headed by W. H. Code, now chief irrigation engineer of the Indian Service, located in Los Angeles.

WATER USERS COMBINE.

The farmers of the Florence Valley last Saturday formed a water users' association, patterned after the Phoenix organization, and are now ready for propagation from either the St. George or Greene irrigation systems. The Sligh canal is already in operation, but will have to be rebuilt to be effective. Greene's canal is still only a quarter mile long and ends in a depression that would absorb even the flood waters of the Gila. Sligh claims that Greene and his associates haven't a shadow of a right to the appropriation of water which has before been handled by the Florence Canal.

The new town of the Ray Consolidated Company, near Winkelman, has been named Haley. It is about two miles from Winkelman and is convenient to the green copper concentrator now being built by the Ray company.

The annual convention of the Arizona Anti-Saloon League will be held in Phoenix March 5 and 6.

BREVITIES.

Yesterday the Woman's Club of Phoenix selected Mrs. R. M. Tafel as president. Mrs. James S. Griffith was chosen recording secretary, and Mrs. Will Pinney, corresponding secretary.

The general offices of the Consolidated Telephone and Telegraph Company are to be moved this month from Tucson to Phoenix.

During February not a drop of rain fell in Phoenix.

Yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents in Phoenix, was celebrated the wedding of Celora Martin Stoddard and Miss Ada Van Sant of Philadelphia. The bridal tour will be through Southern California.

President M. H. Sherman of the Phoenix Railway Company has entered into a preliminary agreement with the Stoddard family, represented by President R. P. Davis of the Glendale Beet Sugar Company for the building and operation of a standard-gauge electric line from the end of the Industrial School line, four-miles north of Phoenix, westward six miles to the San Pedro River.

A lease, running until 1925, has been taken by the Arizona and Eastern Railroad Company upon the land within the capsule which was stated should obviate the necessity of any steam plant, either for relay or for carrying loads.

SUPPLY AND DEMAND.

These arrangements will effectively provide for the close adjustment of power output to demand, and within the capsule which was stated should obviate the necessity of any steam plant, either for relay or for carrying loads.

(a) Value of power as developed:

The total value of water power development depends, in general terms, on two main features:

(a) Regularity and reliability of service, thus commanding the power to the purchaser, and thereby securing the most favorable conditions of sale.

(b) Low first cost, and low costs of operation and maintenance.

Among the conditions which bear on the question of reliability, the following may be enumerated:

(1) The general plans which are un-

AQUEDUCT REPORT.

(Continued From First Page.)

lens which should not permit of successful solution, and promising a reliable source of power which should find a ready market at prices advantageous to the city.

(2) Taking as points of departure the aqueduct surveys for amounts of flow, and reports of areas and capacity of the stream, which the general aqueduct design is based, we find that the total amount of power which can be delivered in the vicinity of Los Angeles and ready for step-down generation is approximately 115,000 K.W. hours per day, corresponding to a uniform delivery of 48,000 K.W., or \$4,000 horse power for 24 hours, or to a maximum delivery of 90,000 K.W., or 120,000 horse power on a load curve of form corresponding to the average conditions in and about Los Angeles at the present time, and of which the average load is 53 per cent. of the maximum. The pumping program, however, shows the characteristics of this load curve. It will be noted that this estimate in excess of the estimate made by your first board of consulting engineers for the general aqueduct proj-

IMPORTANT POINTS.

To explain this difference the two following points may be noted:

(a) The power available at Cottonwood and Division creeks and amounting to some 4500 K.W. was not contemplated or included in these earlier estimates.

(b) Final surveys for location with reference to power development at step-down stations at Los Angeles, based on the load capacity of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(c) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(d) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(e) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(f) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(g) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(h) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(i) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(j) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(k) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(l) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(m) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(n) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(o) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(p) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(q) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(r) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(s) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(t) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(u) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(v) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(w) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(x) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(y) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(z) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(aa) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(bb) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(cc) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(dd) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(ee) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(ff) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(gg) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(hh) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(ii) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(jj) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(kk) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(ll) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(mm) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(nn) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(oo) Cost of development and transmission.

The estimate of the installation costs for the development and transmission of the power supply, based on a load curve of 90,000 K.W., or \$4,000 per K.W. power.

(pp) Cost of development and transmission.